



# Meru Controller

## Installation Guide

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# Contents

	<b>About This Guide . . . . .</b>	<b>vii</b>
	Audience . . . . .	vii
	Other Sources of Information . . . . .	vii
	Meru Publications . . . . .	viii
	External References . . . . .	viii
	Typographic Conventions . . . . .	viii
	Contacting Meru . . . . .	viii
	Meru Web Site . . . . .	viii
	Customer Services and Support . . . . .	ix
<b>Chapter 1</b>	<b>Meru Controller Introduction . . . . .</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Chapter 2</b>	<b>MC1500 Controller . . . . .</b>	<b>3</b>
	Installing and Configuring MC1500 . . . . .	4
	Check Controller Package . . . . .	4
	Prepare for Installation . . . . .	4
	Install MC1500 Controller . . . . .	5
	Check Ethernet LED Status Indicators . . . . .	6
	MC1500 LED Status Indicators . . . . .	7
	Controller LED Status Indicators . . . . .	7
	Troubleshooting Beep Code Errors . . . . .	7
	Powering Off the Controller . . . . .	8
<b>Chapter 3</b>	<b>MC1550 Controller . . . . .</b>	<b>9</b>
	Installing and Configuring MC1550 . . . . .	9
	Check Controller Package . . . . .	10
	Prepare for Installation . . . . .	10
	Install MC1550 Controller . . . . .	11
	Check Ethernet LED Status Indicators . . . . .	13
	MC1550 LED Status Indicators . . . . .	13
	Controller LED Status Indicators . . . . .	13
	Powering Off the Controller . . . . .	14
<b>Chapter 4</b>	<b>MC3200 and 4200 Controllers . . . . .</b>	<b>15</b>
	Controller Features . . . . .	15
	Controller Package. . . . .	17
	Prepare for Installation . . . . .	18
	Install the Controller. . . . .	19
	Installing the 10G Module (MC4200 Only) . . . . .	20

	Controller LED Status Indicators . . . . .	22
	Powering Off the Controller . . . . .	22
<b>Chapter 5</b>	<b>MC5000 Chassis Controller . . . . .</b>	<b>23</b>
	Installing and Configuring MC5000 . . . . .	25
	Prepare for Installation . . . . .	25
	Install MC5000 Controller Chassis . . . . .	26
	About the Shelf Manager . . . . .	30
	Powering Off the Controller . . . . .	33
	LED Status Indicators . . . . .	33
	Controller LED Status Indicators . . . . .	33
	Ethernet LED Status Indicators . . . . .	34
	Installing the MC5000 Accelerator Card . . . . .	35
	Increasing Bandwidth with Port Bonding . . . . .	37
	Single Port Bonding . . . . .	38
	Dual Port Bonding . . . . .	39
	Maintaining the MC5000 Chassis. . . . .	41
	MC5000 Controller Blade Insertion and Removal . . . . .	41
	Replacing the MC5000 Communications Module . . . . .	42
	Replacing MC5000 Chassis Power Supplies . . . . .	42
	Replacing MC5000 Fans . . . . .	43
<b>Chapter 6</b>	<b>MC6000 Chassis . . . . .</b>	<b>45</b>
	Installing and Configuring MC6000 Chassis . . . . .	47
	Prepare for Installation . . . . .	47
	Install MC6000 Controller Chassis . . . . .	48
	Installing and Configuring MC6000 Blades . . . . .	49
	Installing an MC6000 Controller Blade . . . . .	50
	Maintaining the MC6000 Chassis. . . . .	51
	Accessing the Chassis Management Module . . . . .	51
	Replacing System Modules . . . . .	54
	Powering Off a Blade . . . . .	55
	MC6000 Blade Removal . . . . .	55
	Replacing MC6000 Chassis Power Supplies . . . . .	55
	LED Status Indicators . . . . .	57
<b>Chapter 7</b>	<b>Virtual Controllers . . . . .</b>	<b>59</b>
	Virtual Controller Introduction . . . . .	59
	Available Virtual Controller Models . . . . .	59
	Virtual Controller Requirements . . . . .	60
	Performance Recommendations . . . . .	61
	Installing a Virtual Controller . . . . .	62
	VMWare . . . . .	62
	Virtual Controller Licensing . . . . .	67
	Powering Off the Controller . . . . .	67

<b>Cautions and Warnings . . . . .</b>	<b>69</b>
Cautions . . . . .	69
Warnings . . . . .	71
 <b>Safety and Compliance Information . . . . .</b>	 <b>75</b>
Safety Information . . . . .	75
Electrical Cautions . . . . .	75
Preventing ESD Damage . . . . .	75
Rack-Mount Safety . . . . .	75
Compliance Information . . . . .	76
Electromagnetic Emission . . . . .	76
Immunity . . . . .	76
Safety . . . . .	77
FCC Compliance for Controllers . . . . .	77
Regulatory Information . . . . .	77
MC5000 Compliance Information . . . . .	78
Electromagnetic Emission . . . . .	78
Immunity . . . . .	78
Safety . . . . .	79
FCC Compliance for Controllers . . . . .	79
European Union (EU) . . . . .	80
Controller EIP Tables . . . . .	80



# About This Guide

This guide describes the features of the Meru Controller family as well as the hardware installation procedure for all controllers. The term “controller” is used interchangeably throughout this document to apply to all controllers when there are no differences between the models.

## Audience

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This guide is intended for system or network administrators responsible for installing the Meru Controller. A detailed understanding of networking is not required, however familiarity with the following concepts are helpful in configuring your Meru Controller:

- Network administration, including:
  - Internet Protocol (IP) addressing and routing
  - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
  - Configuring Layer 2 switches (if required by your switch)
- IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) concepts, including:
  - ESSIDs
  - WEP
- Network Security (optional)
  - 802.1X
  - RADIUS
  - WPA
  - X.509 certificates

## Other Sources of Information

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Additional information is available in the following Meru publications and Web site, and external references.

## Meru Publications

- *Meru System Director Release Notes*
- *Meru Access Point and Radio Switch Installation Guide*
- *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*
- *Meru System Director Configuration Guide*
- *Meru System Director Command Reference*

## External References

- Stevens, W. R. 1994. *TCP/IP Illustrated, Volume 1, The Protocols*. Addison-Wesley, Reading, Mass.
- Gast, M.S. 2002. *802.11 Wireless Networks, The Definitive Guide*. O'Reilly and Associates, Sebastopol, Calif.

# Typographic Conventions

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This document uses the following typographic conventions to help you locate and identify information:



**Note:**

Provides extra information, tips, and hints regarding the topic.



**Caution!**

Identifies important information about actions that could result in damage to or loss of data, or could cause the application to behave in unexpected ways.



**Warning!**

Identifies critical information about actions that could result in equipment failure or bodily harm.

## Contacting Meru

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### Meru Web Site

You can visit Meru Networks on the Internet at this URL:



<http://www.merunetworks.com>

Click the Support menu button to view Meru Customer Services and Support information.

## Customer Services and Support

For assistance, contact Meru Customer Services and Support 24 hours a day at +1-888-637-8952 (+1-888-Meru-WLA(N)) or +1-408-215-5305. Email can be sent to [support@merunetworks.com](mailto:support@merunetworks.com).

Meru Customer Services and Support provide end users and channel partners with the following:

- Telephone technical support
- Software update support
- Spare parts and repair service

### RMA Procedures

Contact Meru Customer Services and Support for a Return Material Authorization (RMA) for any Meru equipment.

Please have the following available when making a call:

- Company and contact information
- Equipment model and serial numbers
- Meru software release and revision numbers (for example, 3.0.0-35)
- A description of the symptoms the problem is manifesting
- Network configuration

Contacting Meru

# Chapter 1

## Meru Controller Introduction

Meru Controllers provide the central management and intelligence of an enterprise's wireless LAN networking environment; Meru Controllers are designed to meet performance requirements for smaller networks, while other Meru controllers are designed for larger networks. See the chart below for details.

Controller	Design Objective
MC1500	Meru's MC1500 is designed to support small to medium networks with up to 30 Access Points, 500 wireless clients, and a throughput level of up to 800 Mbps supported by two Ethernet connections.
MC1550	Meru's MC1550 is a small form-factor controller designed to support small to medium networks with up to 50 Access Points, 1000 wireless clients, and a throughput level of up to 800 Mbps supported by two Ethernet connections.
MC3200	Meru MC3200 controllers are designed for medium enterprise deployments. They support up to 200 Access Points, 2000 wireless clients, and have a throughput level of up to 2 Gbps supported by four Ethernet connections.
MC4200	Meru MC4200 is intended to meet the needs of large enterprises. They support up to 500 Access Points, 5000 wireless clients, and have a throughput level of up to 4 Gbps using a built-in acceleration module and four Ethernet connections. The MC4200 also supports an optional 10G module (purchased separately), which is described in <a href="#">Installing the 10G Module (MC4200 Only)</a> .
MC5000	MC5000 is a chassis-based Meru Wireless LAN controller targeted to meet the needs of large scale enterprises with high availability. A Meru MC5000 chassis has five slots for controller blades. When used with the optional acceleration module, each controller blade can support up to 300 Access Points, 3000 wireless clients, and have a throughput level of up to 4 Gbps.

Controller	Design Objective
MC6000	MC6000 is a chassis-based Meru Wireless LAN controller targeted to meet the needs of large scale enterprises with high availability. A Meru MC6000 chassis has ten slots for controller blades. Each controller blade can support up to 500 Access Points, 5000 clients, and have a throughput level of up to 10Gbps.
Virtual	Virtual controllers are controller images that can be installed on an existing hardware platform provided that the platform implements a supported virtual hosting software solution. They can be purchased in varying sizes to allow them to be tailored to the needs of your deployment.

All Meru controllers run System Director, the Meru operating system that centrally manages and monitors access points (APs). System Director software provides a centralized management system accessed from either the Web UI or a Command Line Interface (CLI) for monitoring, configuration, and troubleshooting the system. In addition, a set of extensible services is provided for security, RF planning, over-the-air QoS for converged data, voice and video networks, zero-loss handoff mobility, and location-based applications. Meru Controllers provide the central management and intelligence of an enterprise's wireless LAN networking environment. Meru Controllers scale to meet performance requirements from small to large enterprises, including support for connecting remote locations with a small number of Access Point that may or may not include a local controller.

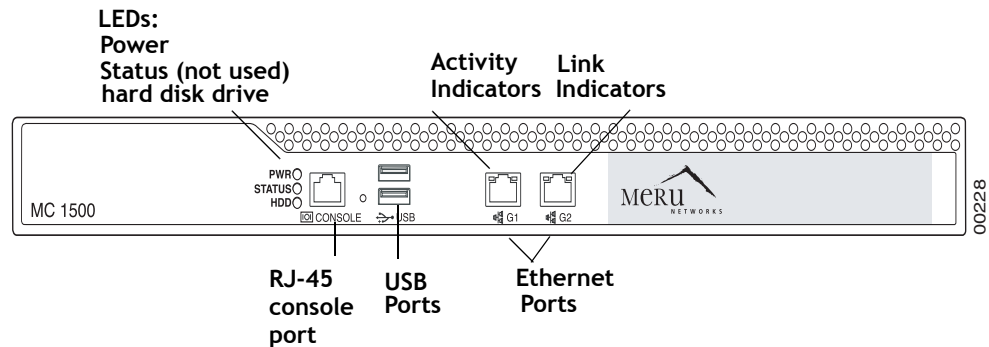
# Chapter 2

## MC1500 Controller

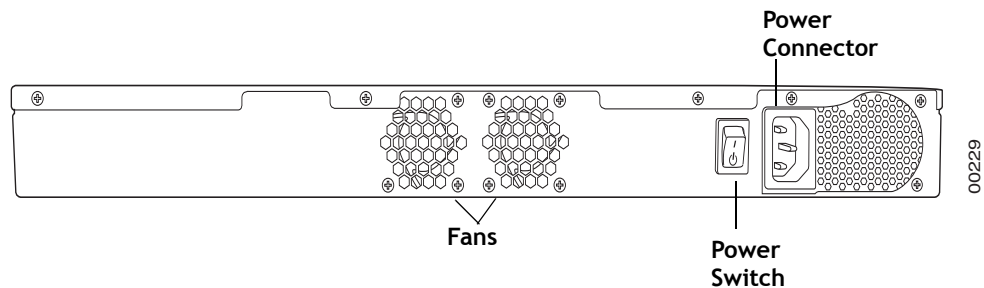
The MC1500 is designed for small to medium-scale site deployments, such as small offices or remote branch sites. It supports customers requiring Layer 1-4 security, Fast Ethernet, and affordable performance. The MC1500 can support up to 30 APs.

The MC1500 measures 16.7x1.1x10.6 inches. The front and back of the MC1500 are shown below.

**Figure 1: MC1500 Front Panel**



**Figure 2: MC1500 Rear Panel**



# Installing and Configuring MC1500

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Installing and configuring the MC1500 for operation with Meru access points includes the following sections:

- [Check Controller Package](#)
- [Prepare for Installation](#)
- [Install MC1500 Controller](#)
- [Troubleshooting Beep Code Errors](#)

## Check Controller Package

The controller package contains the following:

- Controller
- RJ-45 console cable (Note that this cable is different from the one used for other Meru controllers.)
- Power cable. The power cord provided is for use only with MC1500. It is not for use with any other Meru Networks product or other brands of equipment.
- 2 Ethernet cables (only one is used)
- Mounting bracket kit (Note that these brackets are different from those used for other Meru controllers.)
- CD-ROM containing the System Director documentation

## Prepare for Installation

Before you begin the installation, make sure you have the following:

Element	Requirement
WLAN equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MC1500 controller (two, if installing a redundant configuration)</li><li>• Up to 30 APs per controller</li></ul>
Ethernet switch	Layer 2 switches or a mix of Layer 3 and Layer 2 Gigabit switches with sufficient ports for the controller and all of the access points
Power over Ethernet	If power is not provided by the Ethernet switch, then PoE power injectors can be used between the switch and the access points.
Power	AC power outlets for both the switch and the controller.

Element	Requirement
Null modem cable	Serial cable with DB-9 female and RJ-45 connectors.
Ethernet cabling	CAT5 Ethernet cable.
Administration console	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Serial terminal running at 115200 baud, 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (115200 8N1).</li> <li>After initial configuration, the SSH (Secure Shell) protocol or telnet can be used to communicate with the controller.</li> </ul>
Controller IP settings	IP configuration settings for the controller (static or dynamic IP address and netmask, gateway server)
RADIUS server (optional)	IP address and passphrase for a RADIUS server providing 802.1X security.

## Install MC1500 Controller

The form factor for the MC1500 is a 1U chassis designed for a 19" rack. Airflow enters from the front chassis and exits through the back, so ensure that there are no obstructions around the controller chassis that could reduce or block airflow.

To install the controller:

1. If you opt to install the controller in a rack, choose a location in the rack that accepts the clearance for a 1U high chassis. Insert the chassis into the chosen rack location and mount the unit with the provided rack mount kit.
2. Make a ground connection.
3. Set up a connection from a PC or laptop to the MC1500 Controller using the Console port and the cable provided.
4. On the PC or laptop, set up an ANSI or VT100 compatible terminal session with the following settings:
  - 115200 baud
  - 8 bits
  - no parity
  - 1 stop bit
  - no flow control

If the terminal session does not appear on the computer, toggle the flow control.
5. Connect the provided power cord to the chassis and a wall outlet. The MC1500 powers up automatically when the power cord is plugged in and, unlike other controllers, beeps only once at power up.

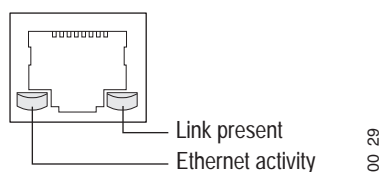
6. Press the MC1500 power button to turn the unit off and then back on; you should see the bootup sequence start on your computer. Wait until bootup completes.
7. From the terminal session, initiate the **setup** command (login and password are both **admin**), as described in the “Performing an Initial Setup” section of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

Perform controller configuration and ESS configuration, as described in the remaining sections of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*. Once the unit is operating, the LEDs described in the next section are active.

## Check Ethernet LED Status Indicators

The RJ-45 connector provides information about the Ethernet connection.

**Figure 3: RJ-45 Status Indicators**



**Table 1: Ethernet Status Information**

LED	Activity	Description
Link Present	Green solid	Network connection
	Green blinking	Network activity
Ethernet Activ-ity	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Yellow	1000 Mbps



# MC1500 LED Status Indicators

Monitor the status of the controller and the Ethernet connection using the various LED status indicators, located on the front of the chassis.

## Controller LED Status Indicators

The controller status indicator LEDs are located on the front of the chassis, as shown [Figure 1](#). The description of the LED states are shown in the following tables.

**Table 2: MC1500 LED Status Information**

LED	Color	Description
Power	unlit green solid	Unit is off Unit is on, power is good
Status	-----not used-----	
HDD	unlit amber flashing	This LED flashes amber when flash is accessed. It flashes during bootup, shutdown, login, and configuration checks.

## Troubleshooting Beep Code Errors

If MC1500 beeps after bootup, it indicates an error. See the table below for details.

# of beeps	Description	Troubleshooting Action
1	Memory refresh timer error	Reseat the memory or replace the memory with known good memory.
3	Base memory read/write test error	Reseat the memory or replace the memory with known good memory.

6	8042 Gate A20 test error (unit cannot switch to protected mode)	Fatal error. Contact Meru support.
7	General exception error (processor exception interrupt error))	Fatal error. Contact Meru support.
8	Display memory error (system video adapter)	Video adapter failure. Contact Meru support.

## Powering Off the Controller

Should it become necessary to power off the controller, use the CLI command **poweroff controller** before switching the controller off with the Power On/Off switch. The command gracefully brings the controller down to a state where power can safely be removed using the power switch.



**Caution!** Failure to use the **poweroff controller** command before removing power from the controller can cause Flash card corruption and result in the controller becoming non-operational.

The green power LED is lit if power is supplied and off if there is no power.

# Chapter 3

## MC1550 Controller

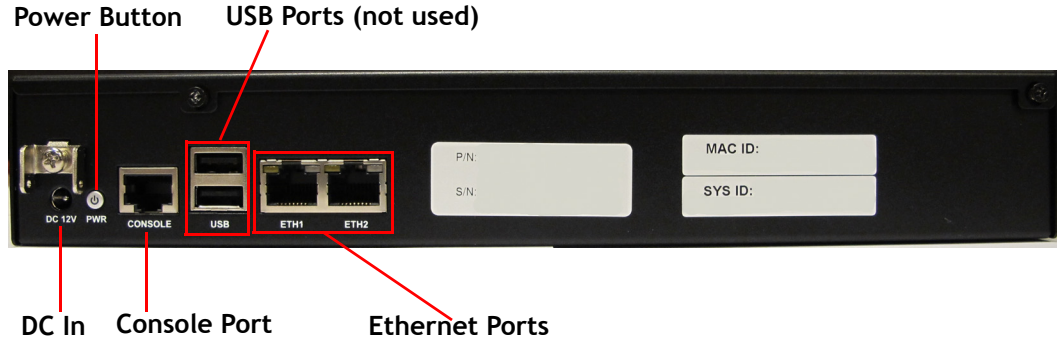
The MC1550 is designed for small to medium-scale site deployments, such as small offices or remote branch sites. It supports customers requiring Layer 1-4 security, Fast Ethernet, and affordable performance. The MC1550 can support up to 50 APs.

The front and back of the MC1550 are shown below.

Figure 1: MC1550 Front Panel



Figure 2: MC1550 Rear Panel



## Installing and Configuring MC1550

Installing and configuring the MC1550 for operation with Meru access points includes the following sections:

- [Check Controller Package](#)
- [Prepare for Installation](#)
- [Install MC1550 Controller](#)

- [Check Ethernet LED Status Indicators](#)
- [Controller LED Status Indicators](#)
- [Powering Off the Controller](#)

## Check Controller Package

The controller package contains the following:

- Controller
- RJ-45 console cable (Note that this cable is different from the one used for other Meru controllers.)
- AC to DC adapter. This is for use only with MC1550. It is not for use with any other Meru Networks product or other brands of equipment.
  - AC input 100-240V, 50-60Hz, 1.3A
  - DC input 12V, 3.75A (45W max)
- 2 Ethernet cables
- Rack mount attachments (for installing the controller in a standard 1U rack)
- CD-ROM containing the System Director documentation

## Prepare for Installation

Before you begin the installation, make sure you have the following:

Element	Requirement
WLAN equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● MC1550 controller (two, if installing a redundant configuration)</li><li>● Up to 50 APs per controller</li></ul>
Ethernet switch	Layer 2 switches or a mix of Layer 3 and Layer 2 Gigabit switches with sufficient ports for the controller and all of the access points
Power over Ethernet	If power is not provided by the Ethernet switch, then PoE power injectors can be used between the switch and the access points.
Power	AC power outlets for both the switch and the controller.
Null modem cable	Serial cable with DB-9 female and RJ-45 connectors.
Ethernet cabling	CAT5 Ethernet cable.

Element	Requirement
Administration console	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Serial terminal running at 115200 baud, 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (115200 8N1).</li> <li>After initial configuration, the SSH (Secure Shell) protocol or telnet can be used to communicate with the controller.</li> </ul>
Controller IP settings	IP configuration settings for the controller (static or dynamic IP address and netmask, gateway server)
RADIUS server (optional)	IP address and passphrase for a RADIUS server providing 802.1X security.

## Install MC1550 Controller

The form factor for the MC1550 is a 1U chassis designed for a 19" rack when the rack-mounting brackets are attached. Airflow enters from the front chassis and exits through the back, so ensure that there are no obstructions around the controller chassis that could reduce or block airflow.

To install the controller:

1. If you opt to install the controller in a rack, choose a location in the rack that accepts the clearance for a 1U high chassis. Insert the chassis into the chosen rack location and mount the unit with the provided rack mount kit.
2. Make a ground connection.
3. Set up a connection from a PC or laptop to the MC1550 Controller using the Console port and the cable provided.
4. On the PC or laptop, set up an ANSI or VT100 compatible terminal session with the following settings:
  - 115200 baud
  - 8 bits
  - no parity
  - 1 stop bit
  - no flow control

If the terminal session does not appear on the computer, toggle the flow control.

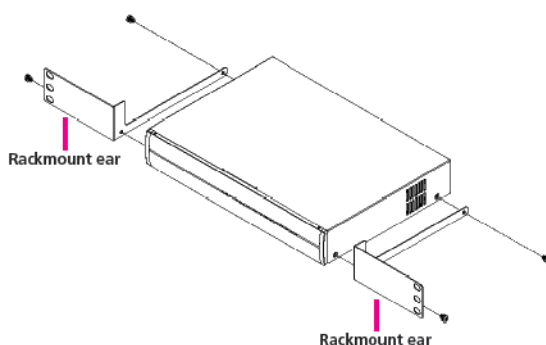
5. Connect the provided power cord to the chassis and a wall outlet. The MC1550 powers up automatically when the power cord is plugged in.
6. Press the MC1550 power button to turn the unit off and then back on; you should see the bootup sequence start on your computer. Wait until bootup completes.
7. From the terminal session, initiate the **setup** command (login and password are both **admin**), as described in the “Performing an Initial Setup” section of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

Perform controller configuration and ESS configuration, as described in the remaining sections of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*. Once the unit is operating, the LEDs described in the next section are active.

## Installing the Controller in a Rack

The MC1550 package contains two attachments designed to attach to the controller and allow it to be mounted in a standard 1U rack. Follow the instructions below:

1. Place the controller on a flat surface.
2. Align the two ears as indicated in the figure below and attach them using the screws as shown.

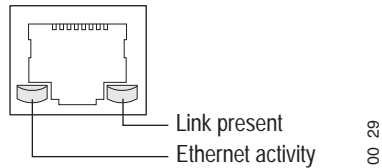


3. After tightening the screws, mount the controller in the rack using the appropriate rack screws.

## Check Ethernet LED Status Indicators

The RJ-45 connector provides information about the Ethernet connection.

**Figure 3: RJ-45 Status Indicators**



**Table 1: Ethernet Status Information**

LED	Activity	Description
Link Present	Green solid	Network connection
	Green blinking	Network activity
Ethernet Activity	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Yellow	1000 Mbps

## MC1550 LED Status Indicators

Monitor the status of the controller and the Ethernet connection using the various LED status indicators, located on the front of the chassis.

### Controller LED Status Indicators

The controller provides several LED status indicators: two on the front (as shown in [Figure 1](#)) and one power indicator on the rear. The description of the LED states are shown in the following table.

**Table 2: MC1550 LED Status Information**

LED	Color	Description
Power (front)	Unlit Blue (solid)	Unit is off Unit is on, power is good
Power (rear)	Unlit Red (solid) Blue (solid)	No power supplied AC power is applied but DC power is down DC power is applied
Status	Unlit Blue (blinking)	No activity Read/Write activity on hard drive or flash

## Powering Off the Controller

Should it become necessary to power off the controller, use the CLI command **poweroff controller** before switching the controller off with the Power On/Off switch. The command gracefully brings the controller down to a state where power can safely be removed using the power switch.



**Caution!** Failure to use the **poweroff controller** command before removing power from the controller can cause Flash card corruption and result in the controller becoming non-operational.

The blue power LED is lit if power is supplied and off if there is no power.



# Chapter 4

## MC3200 and 4200 Controllers

This guide describes how to physically install the MC3200 and MC4200 controllers for operation, and includes the following sections:

- [Controller Features](#)
- [Controller Package](#)
- [Prepare for Installation](#)
- [Install the Controller](#)
- [Installing the 10G Module \(MC4200 Only\)](#)
- [Controller LED Status Indicators](#)
- [Powering Off the Controller](#)

## Controller Features

---

The MC3200 has the following capabilities:

Feature	Description
Network Interface	4 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet ports
USB connectors	2 front-mounted
Mounting requirement	1U rack
Cable provided	DB9 to RJ45 serial console cable
Maximum APs	200

Feature	Description
Maximum Clients	2000
Maximum Throughput	2Gbps

The MC4200 has the following capabilities:

Feature	Description
Network Interface	4 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet ports <i>Note: The MC4200 supports an optional 10Gbps module that can be purchased separately with a special license.</i>
USB connectors	2 front-mounted
Mounting requirement	1U rack
Cable provided	DB9 to RJ45 serial console cable
Maximum APs	500
Maximum Clients	5000
Maximum Throughput	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standard: 4Gbps</li> <li>• With 10Gbps module: 10Gbps</li> </ul>



**Note:** The 1G Ethernet ports support both Single Bonding and Dual Bonding mode (although bonding is not required for them to be functional). Note that if bonding is used, the bonding configuration must be identical in both the Network Manager and virtual controller interfaces.

- **Single Bonding**—Allows all four ports to be bound and used as a single port.
- **Dual Bonding**—Allows two ports at a time to be bound and used as dual ports.

See the illustrations below for physical details of the controller.

Figure 1: Meru MC3200/4200 (Front view)

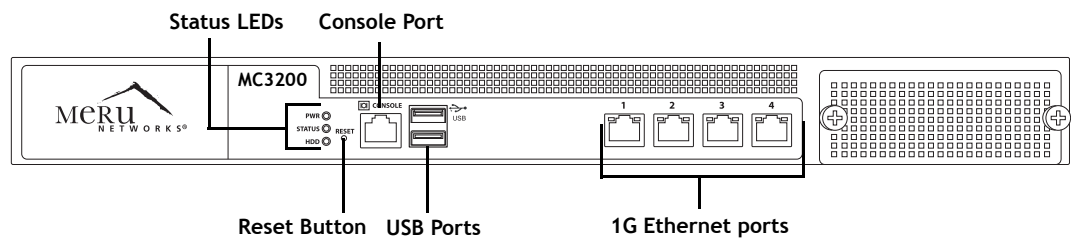
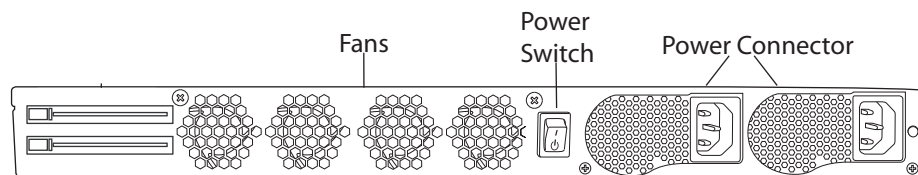


Figure 2: Meru MC4200 (Back view)



**Note:** The MC3200 only has a single power connection in the back.



**Caution!** The MC3200/4200 contains a lithium battery. There exists the risk of an explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.

## Controller Package

### Included in the Box

The MC3200/4200 package contains the following in addition to this guide:

- Controller with application software installed
- Two Ethernet cables (you will use only one of them)
- Documentation disk for the application loaded on the Services Appliance
- Console cable
- Two power cables (MC3200 has a single power cable)
- Rack mounting ears with 6 screws
- Four rubber feet
- Entitlement Certificate for licensing

## You Also Need

- A computer with either Windows Internet Explorer or Mozilla Firefox, and a serial terminal program, running at 115200 baud, 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (115200 8N1)
- At least one powered AP accessible via the network (plugged into the test switch works well)
- Phillips head screwdriver
- Serial adapter for your laptop (if the laptop doesn't have a serial connection)
- Ethernet switch and cable
- Two (2) AC power outlets

# Prepare for Installation

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Before you begin the installation, make sure you have the following:

Element	Requirement
WLAN equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Controller (two, if installing a redundant configuration)</li> <li>• At least one powered AP that can be accessed by the controller</li> </ul>
Ethernet switch	Layer 2 switches or a mix of Layer 3 and Layer 2 Gigabit switches with sufficient ports for the controller and all of the access points
Power over Ethernet	If power is not provided by the Ethernet switch, then PoE power injectors can be used between the switch and the access points.
Power	AC power outlets for both the switch and the controller.
Null modem cable	Cable with DB-9 female and RJ-45 connectors.
Ethernet cabling	CAT5 Ethernet cable.
Administration console	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Serial terminal running at 115200 baud, 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (115200 8N1).</li> <li>• After initial configuration, the SSH (Secure Shell) protocol or telnet can be used to communicate with the controller.</li> </ul>

Element	Requirement
Controller IP settings	IP configuration settings for the controller (static or dynamic IP address and netmask, gateway server)
RADIUS server (optional)	IP address and passphrase for a RADIUS server providing 802.1X security.

## Install the Controller

The form factor for the MC3200/4200 is a 1U chassis designed for a 19" rack. Airflow enters from the front chassis and exits through the back, so ensure that there are no obstructions around the controller chassis that could reduce or block airflow.

To install the controller:

1. If you opt to install the controller in a rack, choose a location in the rack that accepts the clearance for a 1U high chassis. Insert the chassis into the chosen rack location and mount the unit with the provided rack mount kit.
2. Connect an ethernet cable to the controller and the test switch.
3. Set up a connection from a PC or laptop to the Controller using the Console port and the cable provided.
4. On the PC or laptop, set up an ANSI or VT100 compatible terminal session with the following settings:
  - 115200 baud
  - 8 bits
  - no parity
  - 1 stop bit
  - no flow control

If the terminal session does not appear on the computer, toggle the flow control.

5. Connect the provided power cord(s) to the chassis and a wall outlet. The controller powers up automatically when the power cord is plugged in and, unlike other controllers, beeps only once at power up.



**Note:** The MC4200 requires two power cables for standard operation. If one cable is used, an alarm will sound at bootup. This alarm can be silenced by pressing the red button on the back of the controller.

6. From the terminal session, initiate the **setup** command (login and password are both **admin**), as described in the “Performing an Initial Setup” section of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

Perform controller configuration and ESS configuration, as described in the remaining sections of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*. Once the unit is operating, the LEDs described in the next sections are active.

### Check Ethernet LED Status Indicators

The RJ-45 connector provides information about the Ethernet connection.

Figure 3: RJ-45 Status Indicators

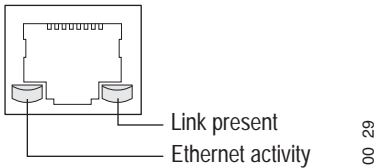


Table 1: Ethernet Status Information

LED	Activity	Description
Link Present	Green solid	Network connection
	Green blinking	Network activity
Ethernet Activity	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Yellow	1000 Mbps

## Installing the 10G Module (MC4200 Only)

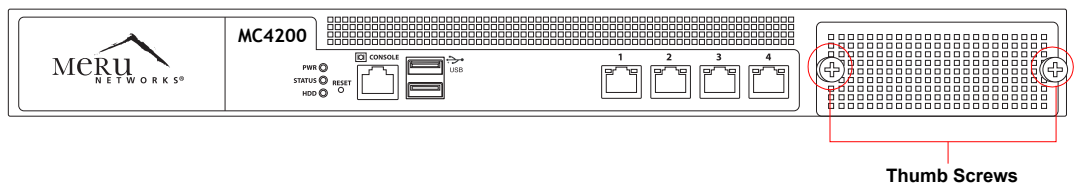
✓ **Note:** The 10G module requires an SFP+ module (purchased separately) and the appropriate fiber optic cable to be installed prior to installing the module.

The MC4200 controller model allows users to install an upgrade network module that allows for throughput of up to 10Gbps. This requires a 10G Module license as well as the physical module itself. Follow the instructions below in order to properly install the module.

✓ **Note:** The standard 10/100/1000 ethernet ports installed in the controller by default are not operational when the 10G module is installed.

1. Prior to connecting the module, you must install the required add on license.
  - a. Open an Internet browser and navigate to <http://www.merunetworks.com/support/>.
  - b. Login to your Meru Support account using the **Login** link (if you do not have an account already, click **Register** to obtain credentials).
  - c. From the Licensing section, click **Activate your Licenses**.
  - d. Enter the license information provided by your entitlement certificate or email and download the license to your local machine.
  - e. Access the controller's web UI and click **Maintenance>Add License**.
  - f. Browse to the license saved in Step d above and click **Import License**.
2. Save the active running configuration and shut down the controller.
3. Unscrew the two thumb screws on the front of the controller, as indicated in [Figure 4](#).

Figure 4: 10G Card Expansion Slot



4. Remove the small screw on the underside of the controller locking the expansion slot cover in place.
5. Slide the slot cover off of the controller.
6. Insert the 10G module into the slot on the front of the controller and reconnect all the screws.
7. Connect the fiber optic cable to the first 10Gb port and restart the machine.
8. After bootup has finished, access the controller's CLI and use the following commands to enable the module:

```
default(15)# configure terminal
default(15)(config)# 10gig-module enable
```



**Note:** If prompted to configure bonding at this point, configure it to **none** in order to ensure optimal functionality of the 10G module.

9. Connect the module to the 10Gb port on the network switch (if this has not already been done).
10. Save the running configuration again and reboot the controller.

## Controller LED Status Indicators

---

Monitor the status of the controller and the Ethernet connection using the various LED status indicators, located on the front of the chassis. The controller status indicator LEDs are located on the front of the chassis, as shown [Figure 1](#). The description of the LED states are shown in the following tables.

**Table 2: MC3200/4200 LED Status Information**

LED	Color	Description
Power	unlit green solid	Unit is off Unit is on, power is good
Status	-----not used-----	
HDD	unlit amber flashing	This LED flashes amber when flash is accessed. It flashes during bootup, shutdown, login, and configuration checks.

## Powering Off the Controller

---

Should it become necessary to power off the controller, use the CLI command **poweroff controller** before switching the controller off with the Power On/Off switch. The command gracefully brings the controller down to a state where power can safely be removed using the power switch.



**Caution!** Failure to use the **poweroff controller** command before removing power from the controller can cause Flash card corruption and result in the controller becoming non-operational.

The green power LED is lit if power is supplied and off if there is no power.



# Chapter 5

## MC5000 Chassis Controller

The MC5000 Controller Chassis is a multi-slot enclosure that holds up to five independently functioning MC5000 Controller blades. The MC5000 Controller Chassis is a scalable solution well suited for large-scale deployments. As it is completely modular, controller blades can be added as the site requires.

The MC5000 Controller Chassis includes one shelf manager card, one power supply, and two fan trays. An additional shelf manager card and power supply are available as options that can be added for redundancy. The MC5000 blade can also be upgraded with the AMC accelerator module to increase the Ethernet port count to 4, and performance to 4 Gbps line rate.

Each MC5000 Controller blade in the chassis is configured and operates as a fully-functional, stand-alone controller running System Director. Each controller blade must be configured with a separate management IP address, as performed in the **setup** procedure in the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*. Dual Ethernet port functionality is supported if the second port is configured, as described in the Dual Ethernet feature in System Director documentation.

The MC5000 Controller Chassis is well suited for redundant controller configurations using either the standard N+1 feature (with 1 master and 1 backup controller) or the optional N+1 Redundant Controller feature (one slave controller for up to four master controllers).

The MC5000 Controller Chassis supports:

- A maximum of five MC5000 Controller blades
- Each MC5000 Controller blade supports a maximum of 200 APs, and with the optional accelerator module, a maximum of 300 APs.
- Complete support of System Director standard and optional features such as N+1 Redundant Controller, Dual-Ethernet, Per-User Firewall, and so forth.
- Controllers can be configured and managed using the System Director Web UI.

Figure 5: MC5000 Chassis Components (Front View)

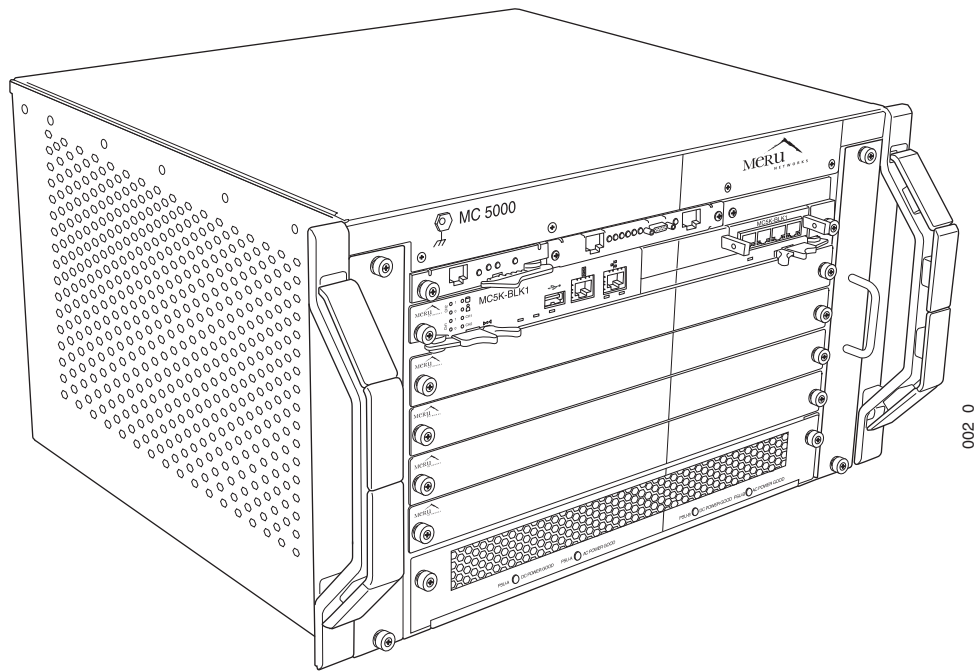
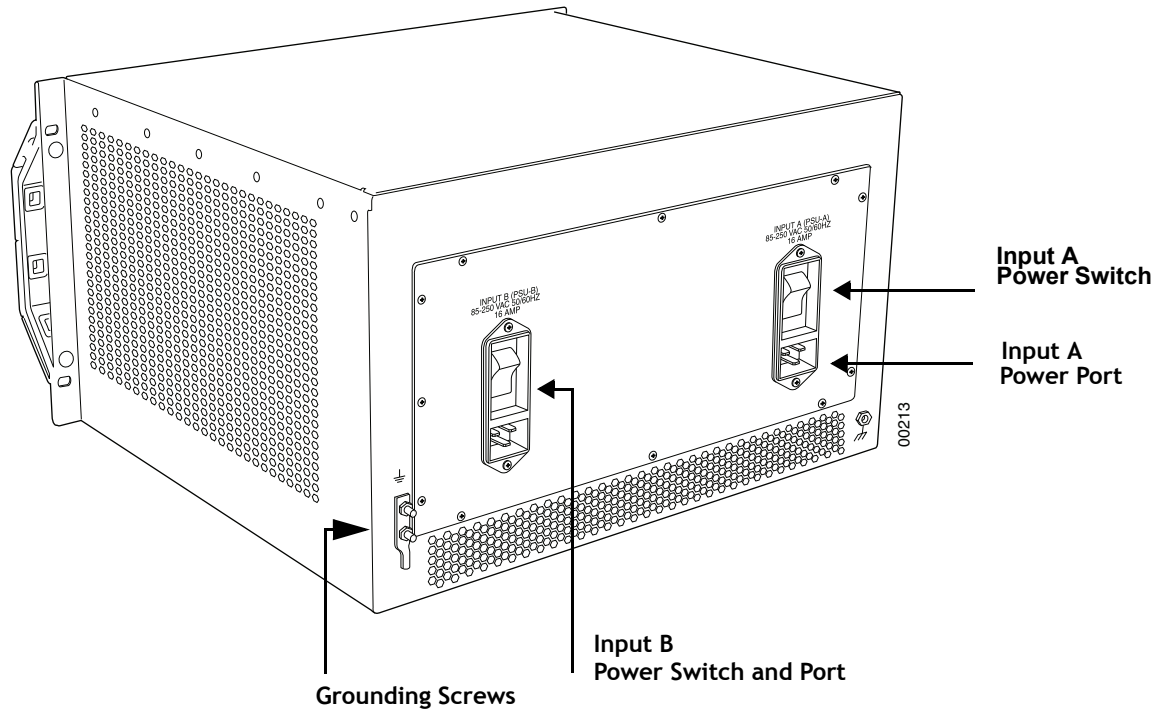


Figure 6: MC5000 (back view)



# Installing and Configuring MC5000

This section describes how to install, configure, and maintain the MC5000 Chassis Controller for operation with access points, and includes the following sections:

- [Prepare for Installation](#)
- [Install MC5000 Controller Chassis](#)
- [Powering Off the Controller](#)
- [LED Status Indicators](#)
- [Installing the MC5000 Accelerator Card](#)
- [Maintaining the MC5000 Chassis](#)

## Prepare for Installation

Before you begin the installation, make sure you have the following:

Element	Requirement
WLAN equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One MC5000 Controller Chassis</li> <li>• One to five MC5000 Controller Blades</li> <li>• The required number of APs</li> </ul>
Ethernet switch	Layer 2 switches or a mix of Layer 3 and Layer 2 100/1000BaseT switches with sufficient ports for the controllers and access points
Power over Ethernet	Each access point must have access to 802.3af-compliant Power over Ethernet (PoE). If this is not provided by the switch, then PoE power injectors can be used between the switch and the access points.
Power	AC power for the switch and the controller.
Null modem cable	RJ-45 cable
Ethernet cabling	CAT5 Ethernet cable.
Administration console	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Serial terminal running at 115200 baud, 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (115200 8N1).</li> <li>• After initial configuration, the SSH2 (Secure Shell) protocol or telnet can be used to communicate with the controller.</li> </ul>

Element	Requirement
Controller IP settings	IP configuration settings for the controller (static or dynamic IP address and netmask, gateway server)
RADIUS server (optional)	IP address and passphrase for a RADIUS server providing 802.1X security.

## Install MC5000 Controller Chassis

---

Perform the procedures in the following sections to install and configure the MC5000 Controller Chassis.

The MC5000 Controller Chassis can be set on a flat surface or rack-mounted in a standard 19" telco rack.

The MC5000 Controller blades and Chassis frame are packaged separately. For the initial installation, use the following procedure:

1. Unpack the shipping containers and verify the following items are included:
  - MC5000 Chassis with installed Shelf Manager card(s), 2 fans, and power supply
  - Chassis power cord
  - Number of Controller blades that were ordered
  - Release 3.6 documentation CD
2. Install the MC5000 Chassis in a 19" standard rack, if so desired. The following must be considered when installing the chassis in a rack:

- Elevated Operating Ambient Temperature—If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (T<sub>mra</sub>) of 40°C (104°F).
  - Reduced Air Flow—Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.
  - Mechanical Loading—Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not created due to uneven mechanical loading.
  - Circuit Overloading—Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.
  - Reliable Earthing—Reliable earthing of rack mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (such as using a power strip and so forth).
- a. To install MC5000 Chassis in rack, move the MC5000 Chassis to the rack or cabinet where it will be installed. Remove any packing materials from the chassis.

**Warning!**

Installing an MC5000 chassis is a 2-person task. The base chassis with filler panels weighs 50 pounds, and a fully loaded chassis weighs up to 75 pounds. At least 2 installers are required to do this task safely.

- b. Lift the MC5000 Chassis into position and attach the chassis to the rack rails. Ensure that all mounting screws (both sides) are installed to secure the MC5000 Chassis to the mounting rails.
3. Attach a ground wire to the MC5000 Chassis and to a grounded location.
4. To install an MC5000 Controller blade:
- a. To properly ground yourself, attach a grounding strap to the grounding plug on the front (top left corner) of the MC5000 Chassis.
  - b. For the slot where the MC5000 Controller blade will be installed, remove the filler panel by unscrewing the panel screws. Store the filler panel in a safe place. Slots are numbered starting with 1 on the bottom and 5 on top (just below the Shelf Manager).

**Caution!**

Electrostatic Discharge—The blades contain ESD-sensitive devices, and can be damaged if not handled in accordance with approved ESD guidelines. Do not remove any blade from its ESD packaging until you are ready to install it in the MC5000 chassis.

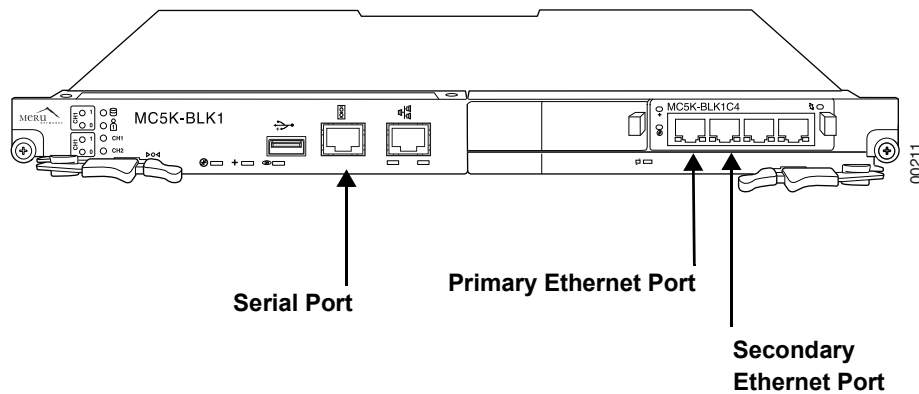
- c. Insert the MC5000 Controller blade by following the directions **MC5000 Controller Blade Insertion and Removal**.



**Caution!** Seating this blade properly can be tricky and the Controller will not boot if seated improperly. Be sure to look at the directions.

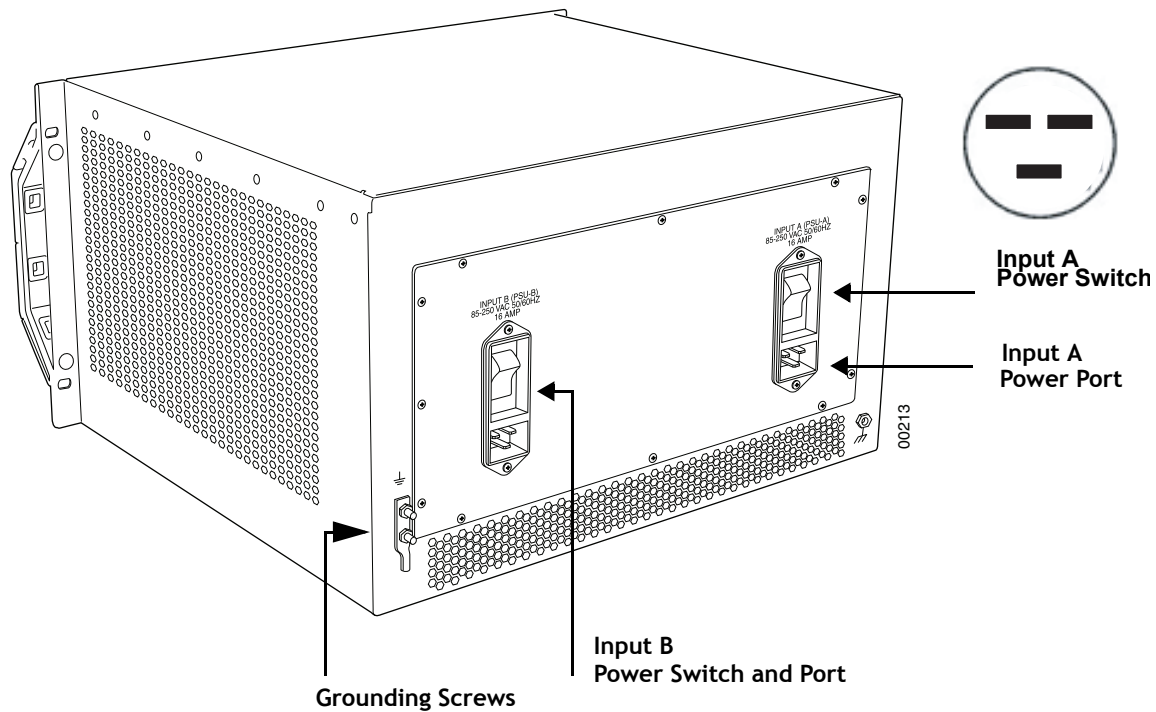
5. Connect the first Ethernet cable to the primary Ethernet port (the left-most Ethernet port) on the front of the MC5000 Controller blade and to a switch, as described in the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.
6. Configure the Switch settings for connection to MC5000 Controller Blade interfaces running N+1 and/or Dual Ethernet–Redundant mode to the following settings:
  - Spanning Tree link type = Point-to-point
  - MAC aging time for native VLAN of Controller = 10s
  - Forward delay timer for Controller VLAN = 4s
  - Port settings = Portfast

**Figure 7: MC5000 Controller Blade Ports**



If a secondary Ethernet connection is required, connect it to the Secondary Ethernet port indicated in the figure above. The Ethernet connections on the MC5000 Controller blades can be configured to the same subnet or different subnets, depending on the type of network configuration that is required.

7. Connect the power cord to the Input A Power Port on back of the chassis and to the wall AC power source. (Input B is the optional power supply, if it has been purchased.) The MC5000 WLAN controller has two power supplies. Each power supply has a non-locking 20A 125/230VAC power receptacle with an IEC-320 C19 connector.

**Figure 8: MC5000 Chassis (Rear View)**

8. Power up the chassis by flipping the Input A On/Off switch on the back of the chassis to On. Ensure that the fans are running, and cool air is flowing through the chassis.
9. Press the power switch to the On position.  
The Power On System Test runs and completes with one of the following codes, depending on the system status.

**Table 3: MC5000 Controller Blade POST Results**

Beep Code	Description
1 Short beep	Normal POST, controller status is normal
2 Short beeps	CMOS error
One long and one short beep	DRAM error
One long and two short beeps	Video (Mono/CGA Display Circuitry) issue

**Table 3: MC5000 Controller Blade POST Results**

One long and three short beeps	Keyboard/Keyboard card error
One long and nine short beeps	ROM error
Continuous long beep	DRAM problem
Repeating short beeps	There are some problem with the Power source.

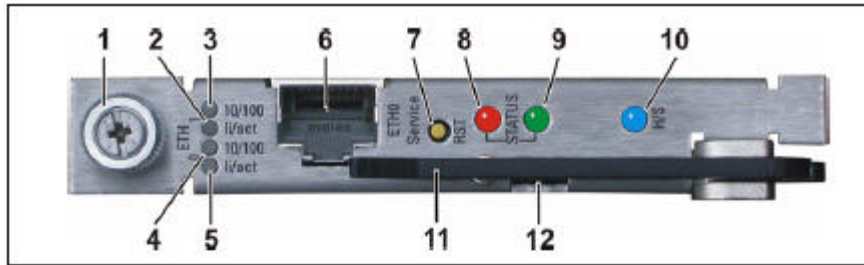
10. Set up a serial connection from a PC or laptop to the MC5000 Controller blade. **For the initial controller configuration, you must connect to the MC5000 Controller blade using the Serial port.**
11. On the PC or laptop, set up an ANSI or VT100 compatible terminal session with the following settings:
  - 115200 baud
  - 8 bits
  - no parity
  - 1 stop bit
  - no flow control
12. From the console, initiate the **setup** command (login and password are both **admin**), as described in the “Performing an Initial Setup” section of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.
13. Perform controller configuration and ESS configuration, as described in the remaining sections of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

## About the Shelf Manager

The Shelf Manager monitors the power, cooling and operation of the chassis. Status is visible via the LEDs located on the shelf manager blade and on the Shelf Alarm Panel, located in the center of the Shelf Manager blade.

The Shelf Manager LED location and status are shown in the following figure. The green LED, shown in location 9 in the following figure, displays with normal operation.



**Figure 9: Shelf Manager Status LED Location and Description**

1 Fixing screw	7 RESET push button
2 ETH 1 Link/Activity LED (green) - On = Link - Off = No Link - Blinking = Activity	8 Shelf Manager Status LED (red) - Red = Out of Service
3 ETH 1 Speed LED (yellow) - Off = 10 Mb - On = 100 Mb	9 Shelf Manager Status LED (green) - Solid Green = in Service, active Shelf Manager - Blinking = in Service, Backup Shelf Manager
4 ETH 0 Speed LED (yellow) - Off = 10 Mb - On = 100 Mb	10 Hot Swap LED (blue) - Solid Blue = ready to remove - Blinking = Hot Swap is requested - Off = No Hot Swap possible
5 ETH 0 Link/Activity LED (green) - On = Link - Off = No Link - Blinking = Activity	11 Extraction handle
6 ETH 0 Ethernet Service Connector (RJ45)	12 Hot Swap switch - Hot Swap is activated by lifting the extraction handle. (See next chapter)

## Checking the Shelf Manager Alarm Panel LEDs

The LEDs on the Shelf Manager Alarm Panel convey the status of the chassis alarms. Each sensor monitored by the shelf manager has four defined operating ranges: normal, minor alarm, major alarm, and critical alarm. When any one of the sensors deviates from normal, one of the three alarm LEDs lights.

User alarms are currently neither used nor defined.

**Figure 10: Shelf Manager Alarm Panel LEDs**



For example, a power supply voltage may have a normal operating range to 4.9 to 5.1V. Then, depending on how far out of range the current reading is, the appropriate alarm is raised. To find out which sensor indicated a problem, gather the following information and then contact Meru support. The easiest way is to capture this is to output to a file as you type the commands. Type the commands from the Unix prompts, not from the Shelf Manager CLI.

- Dump SEL With Details: `clia sel -v`
- Display Management Processor Details: `clia ipmc -v`
- Display Sensors Outside of Normal Thresholds: `clia sensordata -t`
- Display the sensor values: `clia sensordata`
- Display Installed Firmware for Both Parts of Shelf Manager Flash Memory: `version`
- Display Chassis FRU Data for Chassis and Shelf Managers:
  - `clia fruinfo -v 10 0`
  - `clia fruinfo -v 12 0`
  - `clia fruinfo -v 20 1`
  - `clia fruinfo -v 20 2`
- Display Linux System Messages File: `cat /var/log/messages`
- Display Linux Boot Messages: `dmesg`

Using the information from these logs, a support person can tell you which sensor triggered the alarm and how to reset the alarm after you fix the problem. Note that critical alarms can only be reset by removing and then reseating the blade.

## Serial and Alarm Card Relays

The incoming signals for the alarm board are SELV and are not more than 30V dc/1A the rating for the contact.

For more information about Shelf Manager, see the *Shelf Manager User Guide*.

# Powering Off the Controller

---

Should it become necessary to power off the controller, it is recommended you use the CLI command **poweroff controller** before switching the controller off with the Power On/Off switch. The command gracefully brings the controller down to a state where power can safely be removed using the power switch.



**Caution!** Failure to use the **poweroff controller** command before removing power from the controller can cause Flash card corruption and result in the controller becoming non-operational.

## LED Status Indicators

---

Monitor the status of the controller and the Ethernet connection using the various LED status indicators, located on the front of the chassis.

### Controller LED Status Indicators

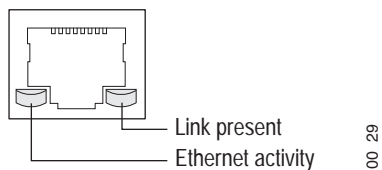
The controller status indicator LEDs are located on the front of the chassis, as shown in the figures in the previous chapter. The description of the LED states are shown in the following tables.

**Table 4: MC5000 LED Status Information**

LED	Color	Description
Power	Amber Solid Unlit	Powered on Powered off
Status	Unlit Green	Unimplemented Unimplemented
G1 10/100/1000	Unlit Green solid Amber solid	LAN Speed 10 Mbps LAN Speed 100 Mbps LAN Speed 1000 Mbps
Link/Act	Unlit Green solid Green blinking	Link Down/ No Activity Link Up Rx/Tx Activity

## Ethernet LED Status Indicators

The RJ-45 connector provides information about the Ethernet connection.

**Figure 11: RJ-45 Status Indicators**

LED	Activity	Description
Link Present	Green solid	Network connection
	Green blinking	Network activity
Ethernet Activ-ity	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Yellow	1000 Mbps

# Installing the MC5000 Accelerator Card

---

If your accelerator card was shipped with an MC5000 blade, the card is already installed in the blade. You don't need to do any installation; stop now. In this case, System Director 3.6 is already on the MC5000; you do not have to upgrade System Director on the MC5000. If you are adding an accelerator card to an existing MC5000, first upgrade your MC5000 to system director 3.6.



**Caution!** Your MC5000 using the Accelerator Card must be running System Director 3.6 because only this version of System Director supports the Accelerator Card.

When a multimode Accelerator Card is installed into an existing MC5000 blade, the blade's user capacity increases from 2000 to 3000 stations and also increases throughput speed from 1G to 4G (with all 4 ports aggregated). Instead of 200 APs, 300 APs are supported. Although there are two slots in a blade, only one (either one) can be used at a time with the second slots are reserved for future use.

To use the Accelerator Card, you also need either 1G copper or LC fiber SFP connectors for the connections; the card cannot operate without these SFP connectors. These are standard connectors and are not sold through Meru Networks. The fiber module supports SFP (Small Form-Factor Pluggable) GBIC Modules and works with Nortel, 3Com, and Cisco SFP GBIC. The SFP ports support both Single Mode (SM) and Multi-mode (MM) fiber.

You can mix copper and fiber SFP connectors on one Accelerator Card. Because the connectors are optional, the appropriate connecting cables will vary.

To install the Accelerator Card, follow these steps:

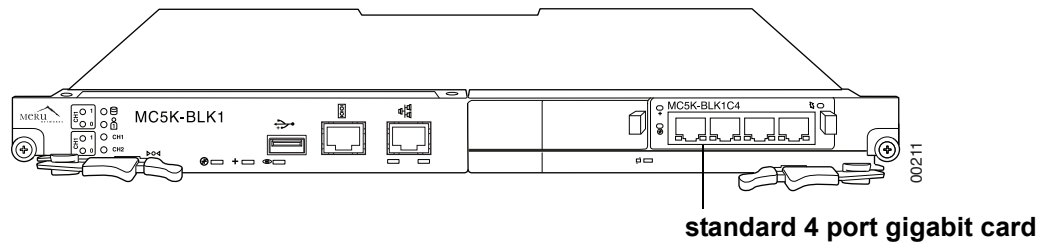
1. If your MC5000 is not running System Director 3.6 or later, upgrade it following the directions in any System Director release note.
2. Remove the blade from the MC5000. The blade is hot-swappable but the accelerator card is not.



**Caution!** Do not swap accelerator cards in an active blade; this can cause damage to the blade.

3. Insert the SFPs into any or all of the four slots.
4. Remove the existing card from an MC5000 blade as indicated in **Figure 12**.

**Figure 12: MC5000 Blade**



5. Insert the Accelerator Card into the slot until it is seated.
6. Turn on the MC5000.

# Increasing Bandwidth with Port Bonding

---

Port bonding can be configured both MC4100 and the MC5000 Accelerator Module.



**Note:** On the MC5000 the wireless controller blade part# MC5K-BLK1C4 with 4 port copper does not support bonding. Only the blade MC5K-BLK1A4 or the MC5K-BLK1C4 with the optional MC5K-AM5040 supports port bonding.

To increase bandwidth on one or both ports used, configure port bonding, also sometimes called port aggregation. Do this in one of two possible configurations. You can either combine any or all of the four 1G ports into a single logical port or you can configure two ports, each with 2G, where G1-G2 are bonded together and G3-G4 are bonded together.

If a bonded controller sees its Ethernet interfaces/links as UP, it means that the switch is correctly configured for bonding, so the controller then starts pushing traffic through the ports based on these two criteria:

- Is **single** or **dual** mode is configured?
- How many controller Ethernet links are UP?

For example, you could have G1/G2/G3 enabled for single bonding, resulting in 3G throughput, while G4's link is not UP due to misconfiguration on the switch or because no Ethernet cable is present. Look at [Figure 13](#) and [Figure 14](#) for more details on cabling.

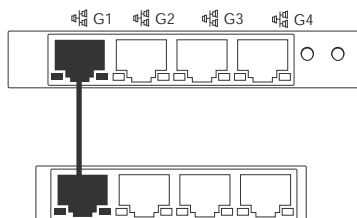
Configure port bonding from the CLI with the configuration commands **bonding single** or **bonding dual**. Check on a controller's bonding (single or dual) with the command **show controller**.

Configure port bonding from the GUI by clicking **Configuration > Devices > Controller** , selecting either an MC4100 or MC5000 with an accelerator module, and then setting Port Bonding to **single** (default) or **dual**.

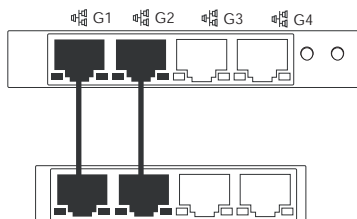
## Single Port Bonding

Bonding is **single** by default, where all ports are combined into one single port. You cannot separate traffic with single bonding. To do this, see [Using Dual Bonding to Separate Traffic](#). With single bonding, there are four different ways to cable to the switch - see [Figure 13](#).

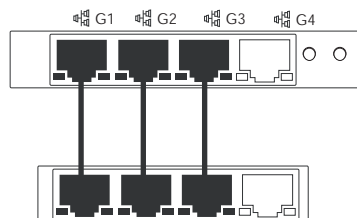
**Figure 13: Cabling Single Bonding to a Switch**



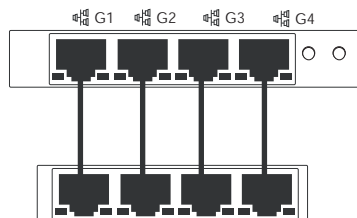
1 Gbps



Bond these 2 switch ports for 2G



Bond these 3 switch ports for 3G



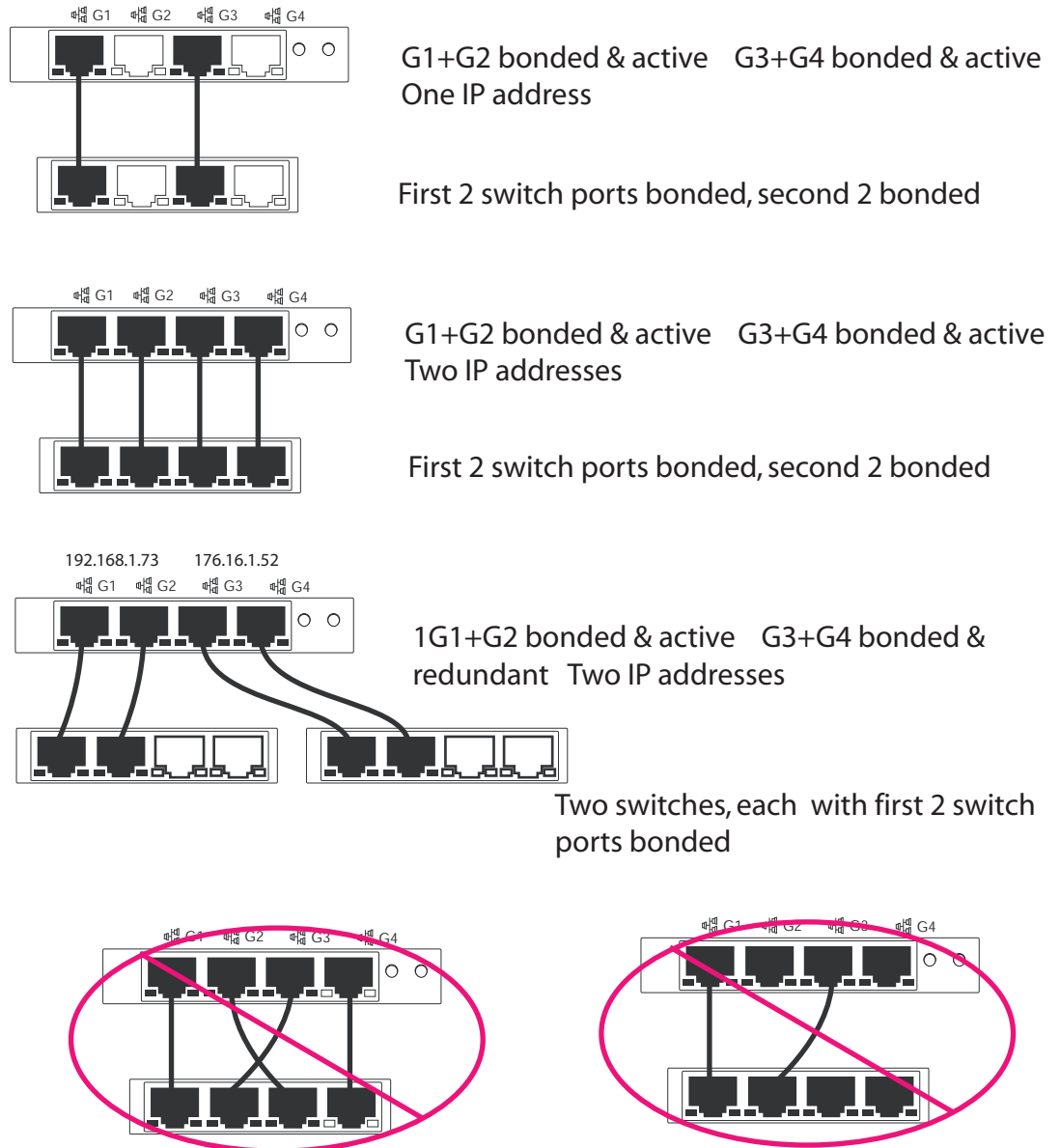
Bond these 4 switch ports for 4G



## Dual Port Bonding

For dual port bonding, G1-G2 are bonded together and G3-G4 are bonded together. Dual bonding is used not only to increase bandwidth, but also to separate traffic. Dual bonding can be either a redundant or active configuration. In both cases, G3-G4 has its own IP address. There are three viable ways to cable a dual bonded controller to a switch and two ways that will not work - see [Figure 14](#).

**Figure 14: Cabling Dual Bonding to a Switch**



## Using Dual Bonding to Separate Traffic

When using single mode bonding, you cannot enable a second IP address on the controller. If you enable the G2 interface using single mode and provide it with an IP address, any/all bonding functionality on the controller is removed. The only bonding option that segregates traffic is dual mode. To achieve this, follow these steps:

1. Enable dual bonding and configure a redundant interface on the controller. This interface will be G2. This can be confusing because G1+G2 are combined and G3+G4 are combined so you could logically think that you would configure the interface G3. You are not.

Enable bonding and configure the second (redundant) interface on the controller from the CLI with these commands:

```
Redundant# configure terminal
Redundant(config)# bonding dual
Redundant(config)# interface FastEthernet 2
Redundant(config-if-FastEth)# type redundant
Redundant(config-if-FastEth)# end
Redundant# copy running-config startup-config
Redundant# reload controller
Active# configure terminal
Active(config)# bonding dual
Active(config)# interface FastEthernet 2
Active(config-if-FastEth)# type active
Active(config-if-FastEth)# ip address 172.18.61.10 255.255.255.0 (OR)
ip address dhcp
Active(config-if-FastEth)# gw 172.18.61.1
Active(config-if-FastEth)#end
Active# copy running-config startup-config
Active# reload controller
```

2. Connect an Ethernet cable to both the physical G1 port on the controller and the S1 port on the switch.
3. Connect an Ethernet cable to both the physical G2 port on the controller and the S2 port on the switch.
4. Connect an Ethernet cable to the physical G3 port on the controller (not G2 because dual bond means physical ports G3 and G4 are represented by logical port G2 as seen on the controller config). Connect the other end to the S3 switch port.
5. Connect an Ethernet cable to both the physical G4 port on the controller and the S4 port on the switch.

Now the controller has these settings:

- Physical ports G1 and G2 are logically referred to, and configured as, G1 on the controller. Any references in the GUI or CLI to G1 really means G1 + G2.
- Physical ports G3 and G4 are logically referred to, and configured as, G3 on the controller. Any references in the GUI or CLI to G3 really means G3 + G4.

# Maintaining the MC5000 Chassis

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The following tasks may be needed to maintain the MC5000 chassis:

- [MC5000 Controller Blade Insertion and Removal](#)
- [Replacing the MC5000 Communications Module](#)
- [Replacing MC5000 Chassis Power Supplies](#)
- [Replacing MC5000 Fans](#)

## MC5000 Controller Blade Insertion and Removal

To install an MC5000 Controller blade in the MC5000 Chassis:

1. Remove the filler panel of the slot. Store in a safe location.
2. Carefully align the PCB edges in the bottom and top card guides.
3. Insert the MC5000 Controller blade into the chassis until it makes contact with the backplane connectors.
4. Using both ejector handles, push the board into the backplane connectors until both ejectors latch into place. You should hear a click as the blade engages with the backplane, and the ejector handles should be parallel to the chassis.
5. Fasten screws next to the ejector handles.



**Caution!**

Electrostatic Discharge—The blades contain ESD-sensitive devices, and can be damaged if not handled in accordance with approved ESD guidelines. Do not remove any blade from its ESD packaging until you are ready to install it in the MC5000 chassis.

To remove an MC5000 Controller blade:

1. Power down the controller using the **poweroff controller** command.
2. Unscrew the two ejector handle screws on the MC5000 Controller blade front panel.
3. Unlock both handle latches.
4. Wait until the blue LED is fully ON (not blinking); this means that the hot swap sequence is ready for the board removal.
5. Use both ejectors to disengage the MC5000 Controller blade from the backplane.
6. Pull the MC5000 Controller blade out of the chassis.
7. Replace the front panel slot.

## Replacing the MC5000 Communications Module

An option is available for the MC5000 blade to increase Ethernet port count from 2 to 4 by replacing the standard communications module with the AMC acceleration module. The AMC acceleration module leverages the advanced features in System Director 3.6 such as Fastpath and port bonding to increase throughput and customize data delivery options. Port bonding can be configured on the four Ethernet ports using the command **bonding single** (to combine all ports into a single logical port of 4G) or **bonding dual** (to configure two ports, each with 2G, where G1-G2 are bonded together and G3-G4 are bonded together). Logically, after bonding, the ports are the same as the current MC3000 where there are either 1 or 2 Ethernet ports for N+1. You can have a maximum of two IP addresses for the MC5000, even if you are not using channel bonding. Ports 1 and 3 can have separate IP addresses, as long as dual bonding (**bonding dual**) is configured (even if extra bandwidth provided by bonding is not needed).

Install the accelerator module by following these steps:

1. Power off the MC5000 blade by pushing the right side blade ejector tab to the left, towards the center of the blade.  
This powers down the MC5000 blade.
2. Remove any Ethernet cables that are connected to the communications ports.
3. Grasp the black lever on the right side of the communications module and pull out to remove the module.
4. Locate the new module, and insert the module into the MC5000 blade, pushing in until the module is seated into the blade.
5. Push the blade right side ejector tab to the left to power on the blade.
6. Connect the Ethernet cables to the Ethernet ports.

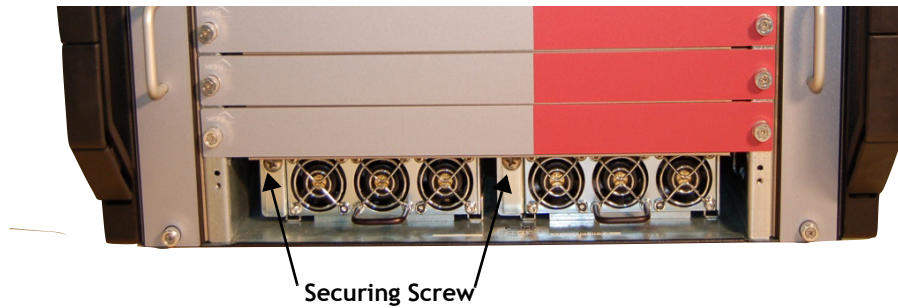
## Replacing MC5000 Chassis Power Supplies

By default, one power supply is shipped in the MC5000 Chassis. An optional second power supply can be purchased.

To remove an MC5000 Chassis power supply:

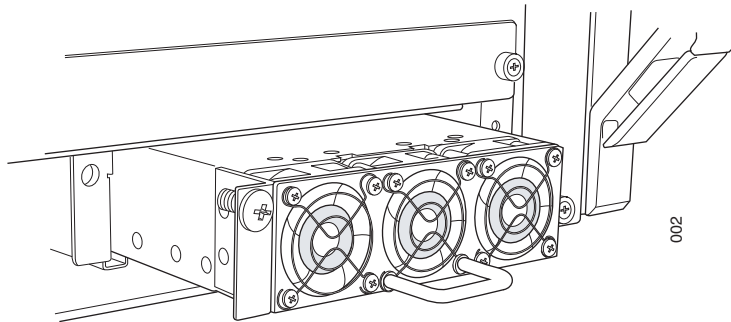
1. Unscrew the two screws on the power supply grille panel on the MC5000 chassis front.  
This provides access to the power supply bay.

**Figure 15: Two Power Supplies within Power Supply Bay**



2. Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, unscrew the securing screw in the upper left corner of the power supply front.
3. Grasping the power supply handle, pull the power supply out of the chassis.

**Figure 16: Partially Inserted Power Supply**



To replace an MC5000 Chassis power supply:

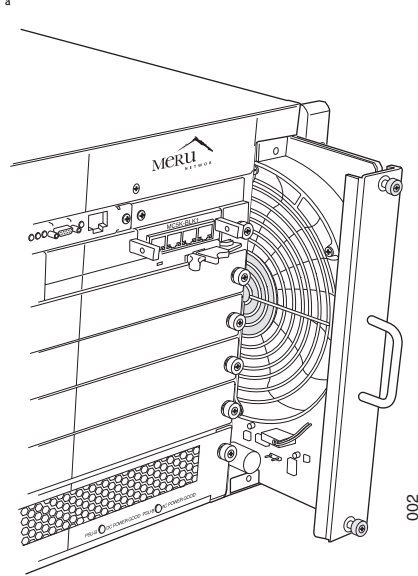
1. Push the replacement power supply into the chassis on the power supply guide rails.
2. Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, secure the power supply to the chassis by tightening the securing screw on the power supply front.
3. Replace the power supply grille panel on the MC5000 chassis front. Retighten the two panel screws.

## Replacing MC5000 Fans

To remove an MC5000 Chassis fan:

1. Unscrew the two screws on the fan panel top and bottom.
2. Using the handle, pull the fan out of the chassis.

**Figure 17: Partially Inserted Fan**



To replace an MC5000 Chassis fan:

1. Push the fan into the chassis on the guide rails.
2. Secure the fan to the chassis by tightening the front panel top and bottom screws.

# Chapter 6

## MC6000 Chassis

The MC6000 Chassis is a multi-slot enclosure that holds up to ten independently functioning MC6000 Controller blades. This scalable solution is well suited for large-scale deployments—as it is completely modular, controller blades can be added as the site requires.

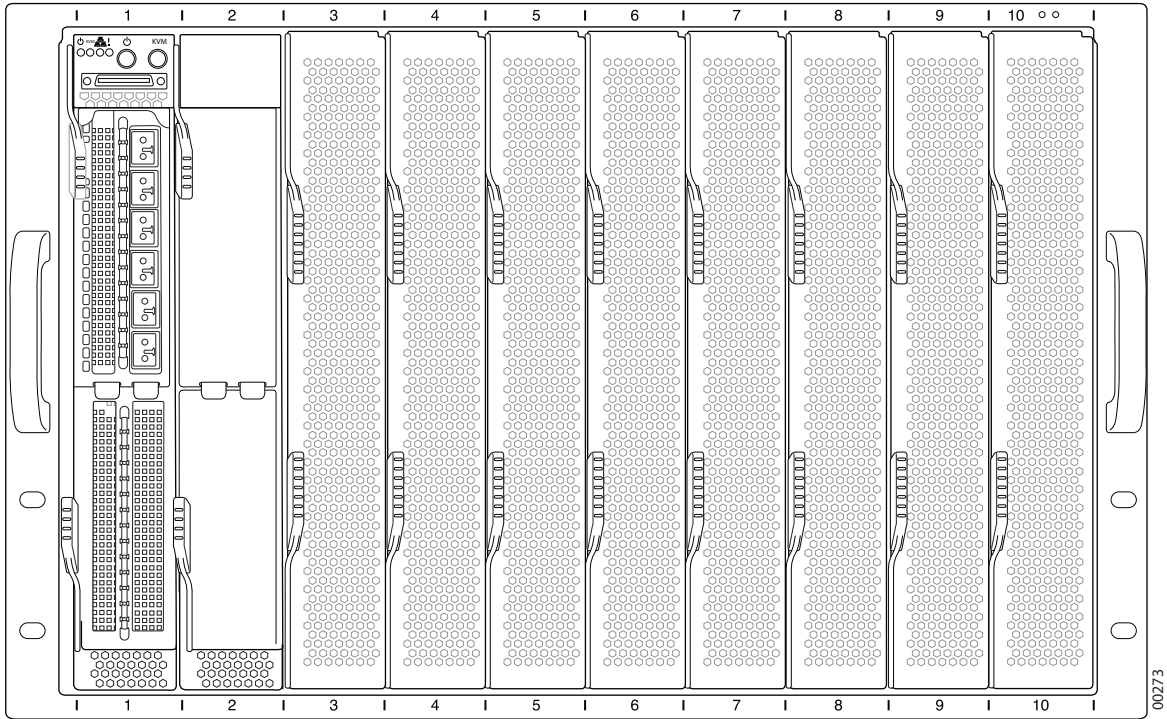
The MC6000 Chassis includes two power supply modules. Each MC6000 Controller blade in the chassis is configured and operates as a fully-functional, stand-alone controller running System Director. Each controller blade must be configured with a separate management IP address, as performed in the **setup** procedure in the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

The MC6000 Chassis is well suited for redundant controller configurations using either the standard N+1 feature (with 1 master and 1 backup controller) or the optional N+1 Redundant Controller feature (one slave controller for up to four master controllers).

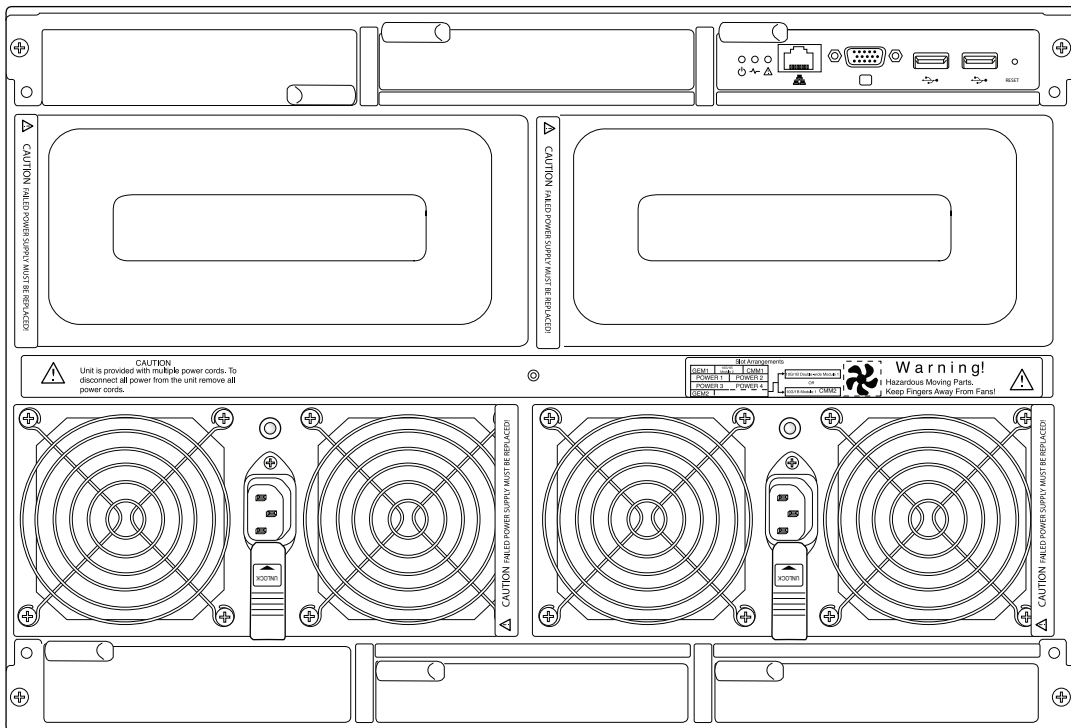
The MC6000 Chassis supports:

- A maximum of ten MC6000 Controller blades
- Each MC6000 Controller blade supports a maximum of 500 APs
- All blades provide 6 network connection ports
- Complete support of System Director standard and optional features such as N+1 Redundant Controller, Dual-Ethernet, Per-User Firewall, and so forth.
- Controllers can be configured and managed using the System Director Web UI.

**Figure 18: MC6000 Chassis Components (Front View)**



**Figure 19: MC6000 (back view)**







**Note:** The 10-port 1Gb switch module located on the back of the chassis is not currently used.

# Installing and Configuring MC6000 Chassis

This section describes how to install, configure, and maintain the MC6000 Chassis Controller for operation with access points, and includes the following sections:

- [Prepare for Installation](#)
- [Install MC6000 Controller Chassis](#)

## Prepare for Installation

Before you begin the installation, make sure you have the following:

Element	Requirement
WLAN equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One MC6000 Controller Chassis</li> <li>• MC6000 Controller Blade(s)</li> <li>• APs</li> </ul>
Ethernet switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Layer 2 switches or a mix of Layer 3 and Layer 2 100/1000BaseT switches with sufficient ports for the controllers and access points</li> <li>• Optical cable (to run from 10GB ports to switch)</li> </ul>
Power over Ethernet	Each access point must have access to 802.3af/at-compliant Power over Ethernet (PoE). If this is not provided by the switch, then PoE power injectors can be used between the switch and the access points.
Power	AC power for the switch and the controller.
Null modem cable	DB9 to RJ45 serial console cable
Ethernet cabling	CAT5 Ethernet cable.

Element	Requirement
Administration console	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Serial terminal running at 115200 baud, 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (115200 8N1).</li> <li>After initial configuration, the SSH2 (Secure Shell) protocol or telnet can be used to communicate with the controller.</li> </ul>
IP settings	IP configuration settings for the blade (static or dynamic IP address and netmask, gateway server)
RADIUS server (optional)	IP address and passphrase for a RADIUS server providing 802.1X security.

## Install MC6000 Controller Chassis



### Warning!

Installing an MC6000 chassis is, at minimum, a 2-person task. The base chassis with filler panels weighs approximately 80 pounds, and a fully loaded chassis weighs up to 230 pounds. As such, users should never attempt to install the unit when it contains any blades or power modules pre-installed. At least 2 installers are required to do this task safely.

Perform the procedures in the following sections to install and configure the MC6000 Controller Chassis. The MC6000 Controller Chassis can be set on a flat surface or rack-mounted in a standard 19" telco rack.



### Caution!

Prior to attempting to install the MC6000 chassis itself, be sure to install the required rack-mounted rails in order to properly support the enclosure. The rails are included in the MC6000 packaging and must be assembled separately. Refer to the template provided in the packaging for instructions on properly assembling the rails.

The MC6000 Controller blades and Chassis frame are packaged separately. For the initial installation, use the following procedure:

1. Unpack the shipping containers and verify the following items are included:
  - MC6000 Chassis
  - Two power supply modules
  - Chassis power cord(s)
  - Number of blades that were ordered
  - Software documentation CD
2. Install the MC6000 Chassis in a 19" standard rack (using the provided mounting rails), if desired. The following must be considered when installing the chassis in a rack:

- Elevated Operating Ambient Temperature—If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (Tmra) of 40°C (104°F).
  - Reduced Air Flow—Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised. The placeholder blades that come installed with the chassis by default must be left in any unused slots in order to ensure proper airflow.
  - Mechanical Loading—Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not created due to uneven mechanical loading.
  - Circuit Overloading—Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.
  - Reliable Earthing—Reliable earthing of rack mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (such as using a power strip and so forth).
3. To install MC6000 Chassis in-rack, move the MC6000 Chassis to the rack or cabinet where it will be installed. Remove any packing materials from the chassis.

**Warning!**

Installing an MC6000 chassis is, at minimum, a 2-person task. The base chassis with filler panels weighs approximately 80 pounds, and a fully loaded chassis weighs up to 230 pounds. As such, users should never attempt to install the unit when it contains any blades or power modules pre-installed. At least 2 installers are required to do this task safely.

4. Lift the MC6000 Chassis into position and attach the chassis to the rack rails. Ensure that all mounting screws (both sides) are installed to secure the MC6000 Chassis to the mounting rails.
5. Attach a ground wire to the MC6000 Chassis and to a grounded location.

After the chassis is properly mounted, proceed to the following sections in order to install and configure any blades that have been purchased for it. Note that the chassis should **not** be plugged in until all blades have been physically installed.

## Installing and Configuring MC6000 Blades

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Refer to the sections below for instructions on how to install and configure an MC6000 controller blade.

## Installing an MC6000 Controller Blade

1. To properly ground yourself, attach a grounding strap to the grounding plug on the front (top left corner) of the MC6000 Chassis.
2. For the slot where the blade will be installed, remove the filler panel by pressing the two opposing buttons on the front of the panel. (The buttons must be depressed towards each other.) Pull outwards to slide the panel out. Store the filler panel in a safe place—any chassis slots that are **not** in use must have a filler panel in place in order to ensure proper airflow.



**Caution!**

Electrostatic Discharge—The blades contain ESD-sensitive devices, and can be damaged if not handled in accordance with approved ESD guidelines. Do not remove any blade from its ESD packaging until you are ready to install it in the chassis.

3. The blade has two latches on its face that must be raised in order for it to be locked into the chassis. To raise them, press the sliding top on each latch outward (toward the side of the blade) and then lift the latch away from the blade. Note that there are two small hooks on the end of each latch that fit into a corresponding slot on the blade itself.
4. Carefully align the blade's PCB edges in the bottom and top card guides. Note that the blades can only be installed in one orientation—the “top” of the blade is labeled with a small decal facing upwards. If the blade does not fit properly, verify that you can see the label; if you can't, flip the blade over and try again.
5. Insert the MC6000 blade into the chassis until it makes contact with the backplane connectors. As it seats, the two latches will strike the chassis frame.
6. When the blade has been fully inserted (it should not require a great deal of force to seat it), press the two ejector latches back into place on the front of the blade. The latches hook to the chassis frame itself, so this action will slide and lock it properly into place.
7. Ensure that the two hooks on the latches enter their corresponding slots on the front of the blade. Each hook should click into place when seated.
8. Connect the first optical cable to the primary 10GB port (the top-most port when viewing the blade in the chassis) on the front of the MC6000 blade and to a switch.
9. Configure the Switch settings for connection to MC6000 Blade interfaces running N+1 and/or Dual Ethernet—Redundant mode to the following settings:
  - Spanning Tree link type = Point-to-point
  - MAC aging time for native VLAN of Controller = 10s
  - Forward delay timer for Controller VLAN = 4s
  - Port settings = Portfast
10. Connect the power cords to the power supply modules on back of the chassis and to the wall AC power source. (The MC6000 chassis has two power supplies by default, but can be upgraded to four.) Each power supply has a non-locking 20A 125/230VAC power receptacle with an IEC-320 C19 connector.

11. The unit should power up automatically once the power cords are connected. Ensure that the fans are running, and cool air is flowing through the chassis.
12. Press the power button on the front of the blade.
13. Set up a serial connection from a PC or laptop to the MC6000 Controller blade. **For the initial controller configuration, you must connect to the MC6000 Controller blade using the Serial port.**
14. On the PC or laptop, set up an ANSI or VT100 compatible terminal session with the following settings:
  - 115200 baud
  - 8 bits
  - no parity
  - 1 stop bit
  - no flow control
15. From the console, initiate the **setup** command (login and password are both **admin**), as described in the “Performing an Initial Setup” section of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.
16. Perform controller configuration and ESS configuration, as described in the remaining sections of the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

## Maintaining the MC6000 Chassis

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The following tasks may be needed to maintain the MC6000 chassis:

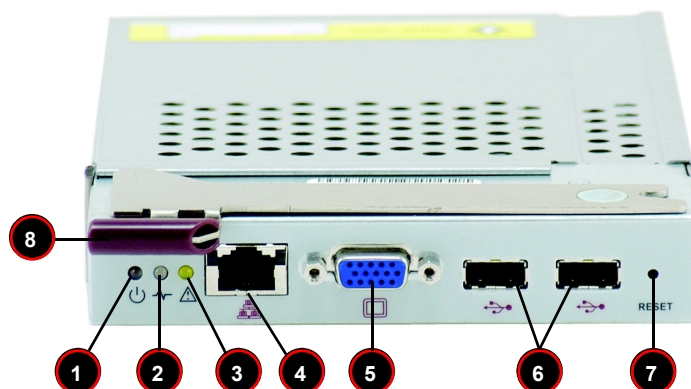
- [Accessing the Chassis Management Module](#)
- [Replacing System Modules](#)
- [Powering Off a Blade](#)
- [MC6000 Blade Removal](#)
- [Replacing MC6000 Chassis Power Supplies](#)
- [LED Status Indicators](#)

### Accessing the Chassis Management Module

The Chassis Management Module (CMM) comes pre-installed in the MC6000 chassis. This “command” module communicates with the blade units, the power supplies, and the blade switches. Used in conjunction with the Web Interface management software, the CMM provides administrator control over individual blade units, power supplies, cooling fans and networking switches and monitors onboard temperatures, power status, voltage levels and fan speeds.

The CMM provides a dedicated, local and remote KVM (keyboard/video/mouse) connection over an out of band TCP/IP Ethernet network during any server state (functioning, blue-screen, powered down, BIOS and so on). It also supports Virtual Media (VM) redirection for CD, floppy and USB mass storage devices and configures such information as the switch IP addresses.

**Figure 20: Chassis Management Module**



**Table 5: CMM Module Interface**

Item#	Description
1	Power LED
2	Heartbeat LED
3	Fault LED
4	Ethernet Port
5	VGA (Monitor) Port
6	USB Ports
7	Reset Button
8	Module Release Handle

## Configuring the CMM

To access/configure the CMM, you first have to configure the IP settings of the CMM depending on you network environment. The below procedure for this configuration just serves as a reference for getting the CMM setup.

Requirements are:

- Computer system running Windows OS with LAN (RJ45) port
- RJ -45 Ethernet cable

The default IP of the CMM is **192.168.100.100**. Configure the computer system (connected through Ethernet-LAN to the CMM) to the same address range (for example 192.168.100.101) by following the steps below.

Configuring the CMM in Windows OS:

1. From the computer, go to **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections**.

2. Right-click on **LAN** to view properties.
3. Choose “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)” under the **General** tab and click on **Properties**.
4. Manually configure the IP address of the computer system to be in the same address range as the CMM. See the following example:
  - IP address: 192.168.100.101
  - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
  - Default Gateway: 192.168.100.1
5. Once the IP address for the computer system is configured, the CMM can be accessed through the web browser by entering the default IP address **192.168.100.100** of the CMM into the browser’s address bar.

Now the module can be configured as desired. This includes changing the CMM’s IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway according to the network environment.

## Using the Web-Based Management Utility

The Web-based Management Utility is a web-based interface that consolidates and simplifies system management for the MC6000. The Web-based Management Utility aggregates and displays data from the CMM module. For full documentation of the utility’s interface, refer to the *Web-based Management Utility User’s Manual*.

The Web-based Management Utility provides the following key management features:

- Enables IT administrators to view in-depth hardware configuration and status information using a single intuitive interface.
- Provides an OS-independent, remote graphical console.
- Allows remote users to map local media (floppy, CD-ROM, removable disks and hard drives) or ISO images on a shared network drive to a blade server.

## Supported Browsers

The following browsers have been tested for use with the Web-based Management Utility. It is recommended that you use the most current revision of the browser you choose. The minimum browser revisions supported by the Web-based Management Utility are shown below:

- Internet Explorer 7
- Firefox 2.0.0.7
- Netscape 9.03b

## Network Connection/Login

To log into the Web-based Management Utility:

1. Launch a web browser.
2. In the address field of the browser, enter the IP address that you assigned to the Chassis Management Module and press **Enter**.

3. When the browser makes contact with the Chassis Management Module, enter your *username* and *password*, then click **Login**. The Web-based Management Utility Home Page will then display.

## Address Defaults

**Table 6** shows the default addresses that are initially set for the CMM. Afterwards, you can change these values within the program (see the *Web-based Management Utility User's Manual* for more details).

**Table 6: Address Defaults**

Default	Description
Default IP Address	192.168.100.100
Default Gateway Address	0.0.0.0
Default Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default username	ADMIN
Default password	ADMIN

## Resetting the CMM Configuration

The Reset button located on the front of the CMM is used to reset the following software settings to their defaults:

**Table 7: CMM Reset Settings**

Software Setting	Default
User Name and Password	Reset to ADMIN and ADMIN (case sensitive)
IP Address	Reset to 192.168.100.100
Gateway Address	Reset to 0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	Reset to 255.255.255.0

To reset the CMM to factory defaults, press and hold the Reset button for five seconds.

## Replacing System Modules

Use this procedure to install or replace any required modules (such as the CMM or the 10-port 1Gb switch) for the MC6000 chassis. Make sure the cover to the module has been installed before proceeding.

Installing the Module:

1. Remove the dummy cover from the bay you want to place the module in.
2. Place the module's release handle in the open position.
3. Slide the module into the module bay until it stops.
4. Push the release handle to the closed position.
5. After the module has been installed and the handle locked, it will turn on and a POST test will run to verify it is working properly.



Removing the Module:

1. Pull out the release handle to the open position.
2. Pull the module out of the bay.
3. Replace immediately with another module or with a dummy module cover to maintain airflow integrity.

## Powering Off a Blade

Should it become necessary to power off an MC6000 blade, it is recommended you use the CLI command **poweroff controller**. The command gracefully brings the blade down to a state where power can safely be removed using the power switch.



**Caution!** Failure to use the **poweroff** command before removing power from the blade can cause flash card corruption and result in the blade becoming non-operational.

## MC6000 Blade Removal

To remove an MC6000 blade:

1. Power down the controller using the **poweroff controller** command (as described in **Powering Off a Blade**).
2. Wait until the blue LED is fully ON (not blinking); this means that the hot swap sequence is ready for the board removal.
3. Unlock both handle latches by pressing their ends outward (towards the side of the blade) and lifting away from the blade's face.
4. Use both ejectors to disengage the MC6000 blade from the backplane by pulling it outward.
5. Slide the blade entirely out of the chassis.
6. Replace the blade with the original filler panel by simply sliding it into place and pushing firmly inwards.

## Replacing MC6000 Chassis Power Supplies

Depending on your configuration, the MC6000 will ship with either two or four power supply modules. By default, it will ship with two; two additional modules can be purchased separately if needed. Follow these instructions for either replacing a faulty power supply or adding a new one to the unit.



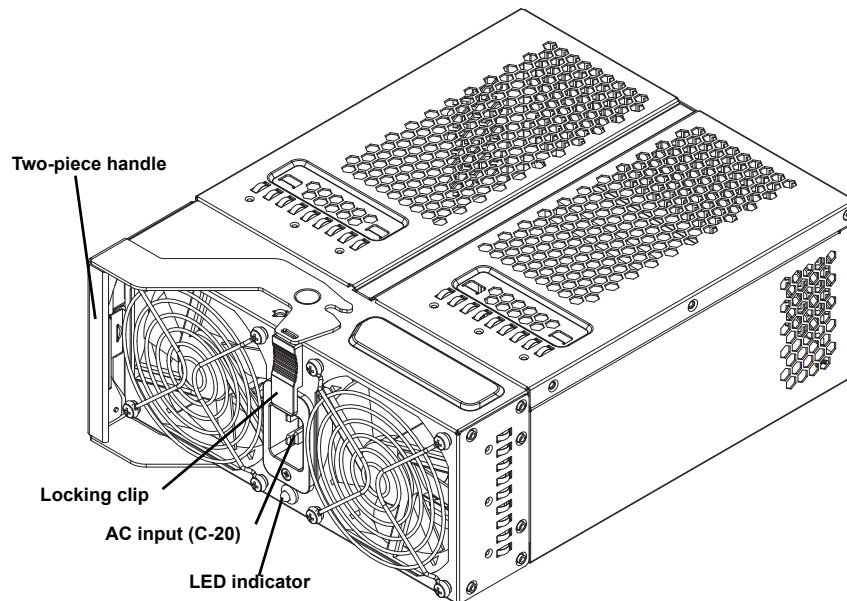
**Note:** When only using two power supplies in your chassis, they should be installed in the bottom two power supply slots in order to optimize airflow. Refer to [Figure 19](#) for an example of correct installation.

Prior to removing a power supply, ensure that the power cable has been disconnected from the desired module.



**Note:** For systems using four power supply units simultaneously, the second row of units (on the bottom) will be inserted upside-down when compared to the top row.

**Figure 21: Power Supply Module**



To remove an MC6000 Chassis power supply:

1. Locate the locking clip (indicated in **Figure 21**) and slide it towards the power connector so that the power supply is no longer locked in place (this mechanism will cause the tab to block the power connector, preventing a module from being removed while still plugged in).
2. Firmly grasp the handle on the power supply and depress the middle portion, disengaging the locking mechanism.
3. Lift the handle outwards (away from the power supply) until the unit starts to slide out from the MC6000.
4. Remove the module completely.

To replace an MC6000 Chassis power supply:

1. Push the replacement power supply into the chassis on the power supply guide rails.
2. Firmly press the power supply handle into the unit until it is flush with the power supply itself. It should lock into place with a light clicking noise.
3. Slide the locking tab into place.



**Note:** Each power supply unit has two to four rear fans. These fans are not hot-swappable. If one fails, the power supply will continue to operate but you should replace the power supply unit at the earliest opportunity. If two or more fans fail, the power supply unit will shut down and the LED on the back will turn amber.

## Power Redundancy

The MC6000 chassis provides space for up to four power supplies. The level of power redundancy this allows varies depending on the number of blades in the unit:

- 0-3 Blades—Two power supplies will provide 1+1 redundancy
- 4-6 Blades—Three power supplies will provide 2+1 redundancy
- 7-10 Blades—Four power supplies will provide 3+1 redundancy

## LED Status Indicators

Monitor the status of the blade and the Ethernet connection using the various LED status indicators, located on the front of the blade.

### Blade LED Status Indicators

The blade status indicator LEDs are located on the front of the chassis. The description of the LED states are shown in the following tables.

**Table 8: MC6000 LED Status Information**

LED	Color	Description
Power	Amber Solid Unlit	Powered on Powered off
Status	Unlit Green	Unimplemented Unimplemented
G1 10G	Unlit Green blinking	No traffic LAN speed 10Gbps
Link/Act	Unlit Green solid Green blinking	Link Down/ No Activity Link Up Rx/Tx Activity



# Chapter 7

## Virtual Controllers

This guide describes the requirements and installation process for virtual controllers, and includes the following sections:

- [Virtual Controller Introduction](#)
- [Installing a Virtual Controller](#)
- [Virtual Controller Licensing](#)
- [Powering Off the Controller](#)

## Virtual Controller Introduction

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Virtual controllers are controller images that can be installed on an existing hardware platform provided that the platform implements a supported virtual hosting software solution. The following virtual software platforms are supported:

- VMWare:
  - ESX v4.0 and 4.1
  - ESXi v4.0, 4.1, 5.0, 5.1

When a virtual controller is purchased, the controller image can be downloaded from the Customer Support Portal and, once properly installed, can be configured just as a standard physical machine.

## Available Virtual Controller Models

The following table lists the controller models available as virtual machines and their corresponding AP/client/throughput maximums.

**Table 1: Virtual Controller Options**

Controller Type	Max APs	Max Clients	Max Throughput	Max Throughput (VPN)
MC1500-VE	30	500	800 Mbps	Not supported
MC1550-VE	50	1000	1 Gbps	
MC3200-VE	200	2000	2 Gbps	200 Mbps
MC4200-VE	500	5000	4 Gbps	250 Mbps

Each controller model has specific hardware requirements that must be provided. If these requirements are not met, the installation will fail. See the table below:

**Table 2: Virtual Controller Hardware Requirements**

Controller Type	VCPU	Memory	Virtual Ethernet
MC1500-VE	1 core	1GB	2 (active/active), no bonding
MC1550-VE	1 core	2 GB	2 (active/active), no bonding
MC3200-VE	3 cores	2GB	2 (active/active), single bonding
MC4200-VE	4 cores	4GB	4 (active/active), single bonding

## Virtual Controller Requirements

The following points are general advisories regarding Virtual Controllers.

- Meru Virtual Controllers essentially act as switches; consequently, their network interfaces **must** be configured for Promiscuous Mode. This will be performed during the controller installation, as detailed in the sections below.
- The number of Virtual Ports configured for the controller will vary depending on the controller's model; be sure to configure the appropriate number of ports for the model being installed. See [Table 2](#) above for details on your controller's required port configuration.

- If you are operating more than one Meru Virtual Controller on a single host machine, ensure that the Virtual Interface for each Virtual Controller is configured in its own port group on the Virtual Switch. This will prevent network loops.
- Virtual Controller Ports must be configured for active-active mode; i.e., active-redundant configuration is not supported.

## Performance Recommendations

### Virtual NICs (vNIC)

Always use a Gigabit link for the LAN Ports - For optimal performance each vNIC should be connected to a physical interface that is capable of at least 1Gbps.

To get the maximum throughput out of your VE controllers, we don't recommend you share the physical NICs destined for the vNIC interfaces to the controller with any other VM running on the host.

### Virtual CPUs (vCPU)

Your VE controller is a network switch that handles every packet on your WLAN network. It is important that the VE Controller receives its recommended share of CPU cycles. To ensure your virtual controller gets its share of CPU cycles, reserve the number of vCPUs recommended for your VE Controller model. Ensure the CPU on the host is server grade

### RAM Reservation

Reserve the RAM that is needed by your VE controller model. Provisioning 5% more for the overhead for the VMware overhead makes a significant difference to the performance. For example MC3200-VE model requires 2GB of RAM. Do not over provision your available Physical RAM, the total virtual RAM needed by all running VMs should not exceed the available physical RAM on the system.

### Storage

We recommend that you use a disk medium that supports high I/O operations for the datastore VMDK. For example we recommend you use NAS, SAN or dedicated SATA disks. Note, VMware recommends you do not share host physical disks between VMs in order to achieve near-native disk I/O performance. Allocate an unshared disk for the datastore.

# Installing a Virtual Controller

Prior to installation, you must have a supported virtual platform already configured and running. Then, simply download the controller image from the Meru Support Portal and copy it to the destination machine. Follow the steps in the section corresponding to your platform below.

## VMWare

After downloading the controller image, it must be added to the VMWare management software via the vSphere client. Prior to attempting to configure VMWare to host the controller, it is recommended that you download the virtual controller image (.OVF format) to your local machine. It should be named in the following format:

- meru-[*version*]-[*build*]-[*controller*].ovf



**Note:** In the filename listed above, *version* will be replaced with the software version number, *build* with the build number, and *controller* with the controller model you purchased (e.g., *meru-5.2-37-MC4200V.ovf*).

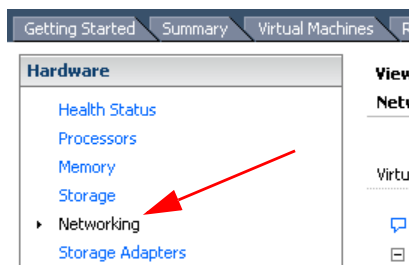
After the download has started, you may proceed to the following steps. The networking components below can be configured during the download, as they are needed for the controller to work properly. The actual installation of the controller is described in [Creating and Uploading the Controller](#).

## Creating a Virtual Switch

A virtual port group allows configured virtual ports to communicate and be assigned to VLANs. Follow the steps below to configure a group. Note that multiple groups can be created, if desired.

1. From the vSphere Client, select the desired host machine from the left-hand pane and click the **Configuration** tab in the right-hand pane.
2. Click the **Networking** link under the *Hardware* column displayed. This will display a list of all currently configured cards.

**Figure 1: Networking Link**





3. Towards the top-right side of the window, click the **Add Networking...** link to activate the *Add Network Wizard*.

**Figure 2: Add Networking Link**



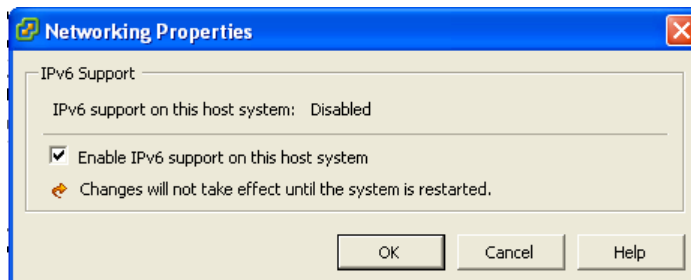
4. Under *Connection Types*, click **Virtual Machine** and click **Next**.
5. Click the **Create a vSphere standard switch** option and click **Next** to proceed to configuring connection settings.
6. Enter a descriptive label for the network in the **Network Label** field.
7. If desired, enable VLAN support on the group by using the **VLAN ID** drop-down to specify **All (4095)**.
8. Click **Next** to view the summary of the configuration changes, then **Finish** to complete the process.



**Note:** Promiscuous mode is not required to be enabled on the virtual switch; users are advised to configure the switch to Reject Promiscuous Mode requests unless their deployment requires it to be active.

Note that IPv6 support must be enabled on the host machine for virtual controller support. From the networking view, click **Properties** in the top-right of the screen and ensure that the **Enable IPv6 support on this host system** box is checked.

**Figure 3: Networking Properties**



**Note:** Any changes made to IPv6 support require that the controller be rebooted.

## Creating a Port Group

Now that your switch is created, you need to create a port group to control the virtual ports.

1. From the Networking view of the **Configuration** tab, identify the switch you just created from the list displayed and click **Properties...**
2. From the **Ports** tab, click **Add...**

3. Select **Virtual Machine** and click **Next**.
4. Enter a name for your port group and specify the VLAN ID to **All**. Click **Next** to continue.
5. Click **Finish** to save the port group.
6. Now that the group has been created, you must enable **Promiscuous Mode** on the group in order for it to operate correctly. Identify the new switch again and click **Properties....**
7. Select your new port group from the Ports listing and click **Edit**.
8. From the **Security** tab in the resulting window, check the box next to **Promiscuous Mode** and use the drop-down list to specify **Accept**.
9. Click **OK** to save the changes.

## Creating and Uploading the Controller

Now that the networking components have been configured and the virtual controller image has been downloaded, you may import the image into the VMWare system and deploy it for use.

1. From the vSphere client interface, select the host machine in the VMWare machine listing on the left of the screen.
  2. Click **File>Deploy OVF Template**. The OVF Template wizard starts.
  3. In the resulting window, click **Browse...** and navigate to the .ovf file you downloaded in the previous steps.
  4. Click **Open** to open the file and **Next** to proceed to the next step in the wizard.
  5. The subsequent summary page displays information about the selected .ovf file, including the amount of disk space it will require. Click **Next** to proceed.
  6. In the resulting Name and Location screen, you may rename the controller by editing the text in the **Name** field. You may also use the directory tree in the pane below to specify the location you wish to upload the image. Click **Next** when you've made the desired changes.
  7. If you have multiple VMware hosts or clusters deployed, select the one you wish to install the controller onto and click **Next**.
  8. If desired, select the datastore you wish to use to host the controller image and click **Next**.
  9. Use the **Disk Format** window to specify whether your new virtual controller should use thin or thick storage provisioning. Thick provisioning is recommended for virtual controllers.
  10. Click **Next** to proceed to the **Network Mapping** window. In the table displayed, click each entry in the **Destination Networks** column and use the resulting drop-down to map each Ethernet port to the virtual switch created in preceding sections. (This step can also be performed later; see [Configuring Virtual Network Ports](#)).
- Note that depending on the virtual controller purchased, you may have either 2 or 4 ports to map:

- MC1500—1-2 ports
- MC1550—1-2 ports
- MC3200—1-2 ports
- MC4200—1-4 ports

11. Click **Next** to proceed and view the summary of the configuration selections made. Click **Finish** to begin deploying the virtual controller.

## Configuring Virtual Network Ports

Prior to use, the controller requires that several virtual network ports be created for it to use. The actual number will depend on the controller model purchased:

- MC1500—1-2 ports
- MC1550—1-2 ports
- MC3200—1-2 ports
- MC4200—1-4 ports

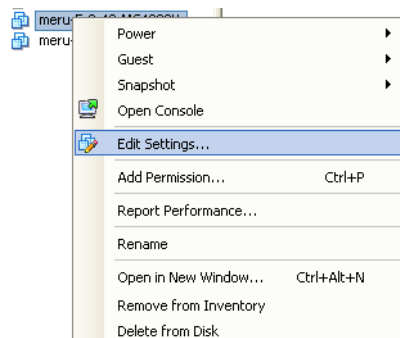
The steps below will walk you through the process to create a virtual network port. Repeat the steps as many times as needed in until the required number of ports have been configured.



**Note:** If you already configured the controller's virtual ports in the preceding section, these steps are no longer necessary. Proceed to [Powering Up the Controller](#).

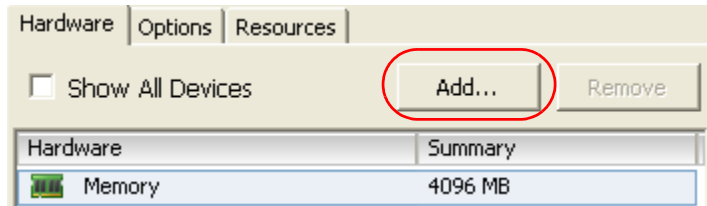
1. From the vSphere Client, right-click the virtual controller to be configured and select **Edit Settings...**. The Virtual Machine Properties window appears.

**Figure 4: Edit VM Settings**



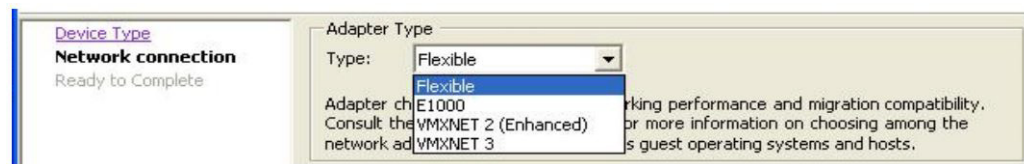
2. Click the **Add...** button to open the Add Hardware window.

**Figure 5: Add Hardware**



3. Click **Ethernet Adapter** in the list of devices available and click **Next**.
4. Use the Adapter Type drop-down list to specify the type of adapter to be used.

**Figure 6: Select Adapter Type**



5. Use the *Network Label* drop-down to select the Virtual Network to which this adapter will be connected.
6. Click **Next** to proceed through the subsequent screens until the final page is reached.
7. Click **Finish** to save the new port.

## Powering Up the Controller

Once the controller image has been installed and configured, it is ready to be powered up. From the vSphere Client interface, right-click the controller image in the host listing and select **Power > Power On**. The bootup process can take several minutes; the machine is fully booted when you see a command prompt in the console window.



**Note:** To access the controller's console, click the **Console** tab when the controller has been selected. You may initiall login with user name **admin**, password **admin**.

At this point, you may open a console session to the controller image and use it to execute the **setup** command to begin configuring the controller. Refer to the instructions provided in the *Meru System Director Getting Started Guide*.

# Virtual Controller Licensing

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The licensing process differs slightly for virtual controllers in comparison to their physical counterparts. In order to ensure that the license itself remains secure, it is dynamically generated by the Meru Support website based on several server attributes, as listed below:

- Time Zone
- Hostname
- Primary Ethernet IP Address
- Primary Ethernet IP Mask
- Primary Ethernet Gateway Address
- Country Code
- Model Name

Once you have set these options to their desired values, refer to the entitlement certificate provided with your virtual controller software disc and navigate to the Meru Support website supplied. Enter the details listed above into the license generation form in order to create your license. Since the license key is tied to these attributes, they must be fixed prior to requesting a license. If any of these values change, a new license key will need to be generated using the changed value.

## Powering Off the Controller

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Should it become necessary to power off the controller, use the CLI command **poweroff controller** before using the virtual client software to turn it off. The command gracefully brings the controller down to a state where power can safely be removed using the power switch.

## Powering Off the Controller

# Appendix A

## Cautions and Warnings

The cautions and warnings that appear in this manual are listed below in English, German, French, and Spanish.

### Cautions

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A Caution calls your attention to a possible hazard that can damage equipment.

"Vorsicht" weist auf die Gefahr einer möglichen Beschädigung des Gerätes in.

Une mise en garde attire votre attention sur un risque possible d'endommagement de l'équipement. Ci-dessous, vous trouverez les mises en garde utilisées dans ce manuel.

Un mensaje de precaución le advierte sobre un posible peligro que pueda dañar el equipo. Las siguientes son precauciones utilizadas en este manual.



**Caution!** Changes or modifications made to this device that are not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**Vorsicht!** Falls dieses Gerät verändert oder modifiziert wird, ohne die ausdrückliche Genehmigung der für die Einhaltung der Anforderungen verantwortlichen Partei einzuholen, kann dem Benutzer der weitere Betrieb des Gerätes untersagt werden.

**Mise en garde** Les éventuelles modifications apportées à cet équipement sans avoir été expressément approuvées par la partie responsable d'en évaluer la conformité sont susceptibles d'annuler le droit de l'utilisateur à utiliser cet équipement.

**Precaución!** Si se realizan cambios o modificaciones en este dispositivo sin la autorización expresa de la parte responsable del cumplimiento de las normas, la licencia del usuario para operar este equipo puede quedar anulada.



**Caution!** Failure to use the poweroff controller command before removing power from the controller can cause Flash card corruption and result in the controller becoming non-operational.

**Vorsicht!** Wenn nicht der Befehl poweroff controller vor der Trennung der Stromversorgung vom Controller verwendet wird, kann das eine Korruption der Flash-Karte verursachen, was die Nichtfunktion des Controllers zur Folge haben kann.

**Mise en garde** Il est impératif d'utiliser la commande poweroff controller avant de couper l'alimentation du contrôleur, faute de quoi les données de la carte Flash pourraient être altérées, mettant le contrôleur hors service.

**Precaución!** Si no se usa el comando poweroff controller antes de desconectar la alimentación del controlador, la tarjeta Flash puede sufrir corrupción y el controlador puede quedar inservible.



**Caution!** Use only the power cable provided with your Meru Controller. Inspect the power cord and determine if it provides the proper plug and is appropriately certified for use with your electrical system. Discard the cord if it is inappropriate for your country's electrical system and obtain the proper cord from Meru Networks, as required by your national electrical codes or ordinances.

**Vorsicht!** Es darf nur das Netzkabel, das im Lieferumfang des Meru Series Controllers enthalten ist, verwendet werden. Inspizieren Sie das Netzkabel und ermitteln Sie, ob es den richtigen Stecker aufweist und zur Verwendung mit Ihrem elektrischen System entsprechend zertifiziert ist. Rangieren Sie das Kabel aus, wenn es nicht für das elektrische System Ihres Landes zugelassen ist, und fordern Sie das richtige Kabel, das den elektrischen Codes oder Vorschriften Ihres Landes entspricht, bei Meru Networks an.

**Mise en garde** Utiliser uniquement le cordon d'alimentation électrique fourni avec le contrôleur Meru. Examiner le cordon d'alimentation pour déterminer s'il est doté de la fiche adaptée et s'il est correctement certifié pour une utilisation avec votre système électrique. S'il n'est pas approprié pour le système électrique de votre pays, ne pas utiliser ce cordon et contacter Meru Networks pour obtenir le cordon correct, tel qu'il est défini par les réglementations locales.

**Precaución!** Utilice solamente el cable de alimentación suministrado con su controlador de la serie Meru. Inspeccione el cable de alimentación y determine si tiene el enchufe apropiado y está debidamente homologado para el uso en su sistema eléctrico. Deseche el cable si es inapropiado para el sistema eléctrico de su país y obtenga de Meru Networks el cable que cumpla los códigos y ordenanzas eléctricos de su país.



# Warnings

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A warning calls your attention to a possible hazard that can cause injury or death. The following are the warnings used in this manual.

"Achtung" weist auf eine mögliche Gefährdung hin, die zu Verletzungen oder Tod führen können. Sie finden die folgenden Warnhinweise in diesem Handbuch:

Un avertissement attire votre attention sur un risque possible de blessure ou de décès. Ci-dessous, vous trouverez les avertissements utilisés dans ce manuel.

Una advertencia le llama la atención sobre cualquier posible peligro que pueda ocasionar daños personales o la muerte. A continuación se dan las advertencias utilizadas en este manual.



**Warning!** ESD protection must be used during hardware installation. Failure to properly use grounding straps when handling the controller could lead to ESD damage.

**Achtung!** Bei der Hardwareinstallation muss ESD (Electro Static Discharge)-Schutz verwendet werden. Bei nicht ordnungsgemäßer Verwendung von Erdungsbändern bei der Handhabung des Controllers kann ein ESD-Schaden verursacht werden.

**Avertissement** Durant l'installation du matériel, porter un équipement anti-statique. Toute manipulation du contrôleur sans ruban de mise à la terre est susceptible de l'endommager par électricité statique.

**Advertencia** Debe usarse protección contra descargas electrostáticas (ESD) durante la instalación del hardware. Si no se utilizan correctamente los correajes de conexión a tierra durante la manipulación del controlador, el operario podría sufrir descargas electrostáticas.



**Warning!** Any Fast Ethernet (FE) cables installed in air-handling spaces should be suitable under NEC Article 800.50 and marked accordingly for use in plenums and air-handling spaces with regard to smoke propagation, such as CL2-P, CL3-P, MPP (Multi Purpose Plenum), or CMP (Communications Plenum).

**Achtung!** Alle Fast-Ethernet (FE)-Kabel, die in Lüftungsräumen installiert werden, sollten gemäß NEC Artikel 800.50 geeignet sein und entsprechend zur Verwendung in Hohlräumen (Plenum) und Lüftungsräumen im Hinblick auf Rauchausbreitung gekennzeichnet sein, z.B. CL2-P, CL3-P, MPP (Multi Purpose Plenum) oder CMP (Communications Plenum).

**Avertissement** Les câbles Fast Ethernet (FE) installés dans un vide d'air doivent correspondre aux critères de l'article 800.50 du code NEC et identifiés en conséquence comme adaptés à une utilisation dans les vides de construction des bâtiments en matière de propagation de la fumée (marquages CL2-P, CL3-P, MPP (Multi Purpose Plenum) ou CMP (Communications Plenum)).

**Advertencia** Todos los cables Fast Ethernet (FE) instalados en espacios aéreos deben cumplir con el artículo 800.50 del NEC y estar marcados adecuadamente para su uso en espacios aéreos y plenums en lo concerniente a la propagación de humo, tales como CL2-P, CL3-P, MPP (Plenum multifuncional), o CMP (Plenum de comunicaciones).



**Warning!** Inside antennas must be positioned to observe minimum separation of 20 cm. (~ 8 in.) from all users and bystanders. For the protection of personnel working in the vicinity of inside (downlink) antennas, the following guidelines for minimum distances between the human body and the antenna must be observed.

The installation of the indoor antenna must be such that, under normal conditions, all personnel cannot come within 20 cm. (~ 8.0 in.) from any inside antenna. Exceeding this minimum separation will ensure that the employee or bystander does not receive RF-exposure beyond the Maximum Permissible Exposure according to FCC CFR 47, section 1.1310 i.e. limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure.

**Achtung!** Innenantennen müssen so positioniert werden, dass ein Mindestabstand von 20 cm (ca. 8 Zoll) zu allen Benutzern und anderen Personen gewahrt wird. Zum Schutz von Personal, das in der Nähe von Innenantennen (Downlink) arbeitet, sind die folgenden Richtlinien für Mindestabstand zwischen dem menschlichen Körper und der Antenne zu beachten.

Die Innenantenne muss so installiert werden, dass sich unter normalen Bedingungen kein Personal bis auf weniger als 20 cm (ca. 8 Zoll) an eine Innenantenne annähern kann. Durch Überschreitung dieses Mindestabstands wird sichergestellt, dass Mitarbeiter oder andere Personen keiner RF-Exposition über die maximal zulässige Exposition (MPE; Maximum Permissible Exposure) gemäß FCC CFR 47, Abschnitt 1.1310 (Grenzwerte für die allgemeine Bevölkerung/unkontrollierte Exposition) ausgesetzt werden.

**Avertissement** Les antennes intérieures doivent être positionnées de façon à respecter une distance minimum de 20 cm par rapport aux utilisateurs et aux tiers. Pour la protection du personnel travaillant à proximité des antennes intérieures (liaison descendante), respecter les directives suivantes pour assurer des distances minimales entre les êtres humains et les antennes.

Toute antenne intérieure doit être installée de telle sorte que, dans des conditions normales, le personnel ne puisse s'en approcher à moins de 20 cm. Cette distance minimale est destinée à garantir qu'un employé ou un tiers ne sera pas exposé à un rayonnement radioélectrique supérieur à la valeur maximale autorisée, telle qu'elle est définie dans les limites d'exposition non contrôlées pour la population par la réglementation de la FCC CFR 47, section 1.1310.

**Advertencia** Las antenas interiores deben colocarse de manera que se observe una separación mínima de 20 cm. (~ 8 pulg.) respecto a todos los usuarios y circunstantes. Para la protección del personal que trabaje en las inmediaciones de las antenas interiores (receptoras), deben observarse las siguientes directrices relativas a la distancia mínima entre el cuerpo humano y la antena.

La instalación de la antena interior debe efectuarse de tal modo que, en condiciones normales, ningún miembro del personal pueda acercarse a menos de 20 cm. (~ 8,0 pulg.) de cualquier antena interior. El cumplimiento de este mínimo de separación asegura que el empleado o circunstante no recibirá exposición a radiofrecuencia por encima de la Exposición Máxima Permisible conforme a la normativa FCC CFR 47, sección 1.1310, es decir, los límites asignados a la Exposición Incontrolada/Población Civil.

## Warnings

# Appendix B

## Safety and Compliance Information

### Safety Information

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#### Electrical Cautions



**Caution!** Use only the power cable provided with your controller. Inspect the power cord and determine if it provides the proper plug and is appropriately certified for use with your electrical system. Discard the cord if it is inappropriate for your country's electrical system and obtain the proper cord from Meru, as required by your national electrical codes or ordinances.

#### Preventing ESD Damage

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage equipment and its electrical circuitry.



**Warning!** ESD protection must be used during hardware installation. Failure to properly use grounding straps when handling the controller could lead to ESD damage.

#### Rack-Mount Safety

When installing the controllers into an equipment rack, consider the following to ensure that the controller is operating safely:

- Elevated operating ambient temperature—If you install the controller in a closed or multi-unit rack, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment might be greater than room ambient temperature. When installing the controller, make sure the environment is compatible with the maximum operating ambient temperature.
- Reduced air flow—Install the controller in a rack so that there is adequate airflow and ventilation for the controller to operate safely.

- Mechanical loading—Make sure the controller is installed so that the mechanical load on the device is evenly distributed.
- Circuit overloading—Consider the connection of the controller to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Consideration should be given to the equipment nameplate ratings.
- Reliable earthing—Maintain reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment. Pay attention to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (for example, use of power strips).

## Compliance Information

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All hardware complies with the standards listed in this section.

### Electromagnetic Emission

- ICES-003, Electromagnetic Emission
- FCC Part 15 Class A
- EN 55022/CISPR 22 Class A
- VCCI Class A
- EN 61000-3-2, Power Line Harmonics
- EN 61000-3-3, Voltage Fluctuation & Flicker
- EN 61000-6-3, Electromagnetic Compatibility

### Immunity

- EN 61000-6-1, Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Standard
- EN 55024, Immunity Characteristics
- EN 61000-4-2, ESD
- EN 61000-4-3, Radiated, Radio Frequency, Electromagnetic Field
- EN 61000-4-4, Electrical Fast Transient
- EN 61000-4-5, Surge
- EN 61000-4-6, Conducted Disturbances Induced by Radio Frequency Fields
- EN 61000-4-8, Power Frequency Magnetic Field
- EN 61000-4-11, Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations

## Safety

- UL 60950-1, first edition
- CSA C22.2 no. 60950-1-03, first edition
- IEC/EN60950-1, first edition

## FCC Compliance for Controllers

This equipment has been tested and complies with the requirements for a Class A digital device pursuant to Part 15 of FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case, the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

**Caution!**

Changes or modifications to these products not authorized by Meru Networks could void the FCC Certification and negate your authority to operate the product.

## Regulatory Information

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### CISPR 22 CLASS Warning

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case, the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### VCCI

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio disturbance may arise. When such trouble occurs, the user may be required to take corrective actions.

## Japan VCCI

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

## Korea

기종별	사용자안내문
A급 기기 (업무용 방송통신기기)	이 기기는 업무용 (A급)으로 전자파적합등록을 한 기기이오니 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.

# MC5000 Compliance Information

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All MC5000 hardware complies with the standards listed in this section.

## Electromagnetic Emission

- ICES-003, Electromagnetic Emission
- FCC Part 15 Class A
- EN 55022/CISPR 22 Class A
- VCCI Class A
- EN 61000-3-2, Power Line Harmonics
- EN 61000-3-3, Voltage Fluctuation & Flicker
- EN 61000-6-3, Electromagnetic Compatibility

## Immunity

- EN 61000-6-1, Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Standard
- EN 55024, Immunity Characteristics
- EN 61000-4-2, ESD
- EN 61000-4-3, Radiated, Radio Frequency, Electromagnetic Field



- EN 61000-4-4, Electrical Fast Transient
- EN 61000-4-5, Surge
- EN 61000-4-6, Conducted Disturbances Induced by Radio Frequency Fields
- EN 61000-4-8, Power Frequency Magnetic Field
- EN 61000-4-11, Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations

## Safety

- UL 60950-1, first edition
- CSA C22.2 no. 60950-1-03, first edition
- IEC/EN60950-1, first edition

## FCC Compliance for Controllers

This equipment has been tested and complies with the requirements for a Class A digital device pursuant to Part 15 of FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case, the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



### Caution!

Changes or modifications to these products not authorized by Meru Networks could void the FCC Certification and negate your authority to operate the product.

## CISPR 22 CLASS Warning

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case, the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## Japan VCCI

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio disturbance may arise. When such trouble occurs, the user may be required to take corrective actions.


この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスB 情報技術装置です。この装置は、家庭環境で使用することを目的としていますが、この装置がラジオやテレビジョン受信機に近接して使用されると、受信障害を引き起こすことがあります。  
取扱説明書に従って正しい取り扱いをして下さい。

## European Union (EU)

This equipment is suitable for connection to an IT system. To ensure safe operation of this equipment, for connection to an IT Power System, provide a protective earth ground connection to the ground stud located at the rear of the unit. Connection to the ground stud is made using a #10 (0.190 in./5mm) ring lug crimped to 12 AWG minimum hook-up wire. Ring lug is secured to stud using the kep nuts.

# Controller EIP Tables

Figure 1: MC3200, MC4200 EIP Table

有毒有害物质声明 (EIP表) Hazardous Substance Declaration (EIP table)						
Products: MC3200, MC4200, SA2000						
部件名称 Item	 有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量 Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements					
	铅 Pb	汞 Hg	镉 Cd	六价铬 Cr <sup>6+</sup>	多溴联苯 PBB	多溴联苯醚 PBDE
印刷电路板组件 Printed Circuit Board Assemblies (PCBA)	X	O	O	O	O	O
配件包 Packing of parts	X	O	O	O	O	O
交换式电源供应器(适配器) /外接式交换式电源供应器( 适配器) Power Supply/Adapter	X	O	O	O	O	O

- O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。  
O: Indicates all homogeneous materials hazardous substances content are below the SJ/T 11363-2006 MCV limit.
- X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。  
X: Indicates that the hazardous substance content contained in any one of the homogeneous materials of the part exceeded the MCV limits specified in the Standard SJ/T 11363-2006.

Figure 2: MC1550 EIP Table

有毒有害物质声明 (EIP表)  
Hazardous Substance Declaration (EIP table)

Products: MC1550, SA250

部件名称 Item	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div>           有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量 Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements         </div> </div>					
	铅 Pb	汞 Hg	镉 Cd	六价铬 Cr <sup>6+</sup>	多溴联苯 PBB	多溴联苯醚 PBDE
机构材料-机箱/面板 Mech. Parts - Chassis / panel	○	○	○	○	X	X
机构材料-铁件/螺丝及其他 Mech. Parts - Metal bracket / Screws etc.	○	○	○	○	X	X
机构材料-散热片 Mech. Parts - Heatsink	○	○	○	○	X	X
机板 PCBA board	○	○	○	○	○	○
电池 Battery	○	○	○	○	○	○
线材 Cable	○	○	○	○	○	○
硬盘 HDD	○	○	○	○	○	○
驱动光盘 Driver CD	○	○	○	○	○	○
纸箱 Carton	○	○	○	○	○	○
缓冲包材塑料袋 EPE / bag	○	○	○	○	○	○
电源供应器 Power Adapter	○	○	○	○	○	○

○: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。

○: Indicates all homogeneous materials hazardous substances content are below the SJ/T 11363-2006 MCV limit.

X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。

X :Indicates that the hazardous substance content contained in any one of the homogeneous materials of the part exceeded the MCV limits specified in the Standard SJ/T 11363-2006.



## **MERU NETWORKS, INC.**

### **Limited Product Warranty**

This Limited Product Warranty applies to the original end-user customer of the Meru product which you purchased for your own use, and not for resale (“Product”), from Meru Networks, Inc. (“Meru”) or its authorized reseller (“Reseller”).

#### **Limited Warranties**

- One-year limited hardware warranty: Meru warrants to you that Meru hardware (other than Third Party Products as described below) will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a one-year period after the date of delivery of the applicable product to you from Meru or its Reseller (the “Hardware Warranty Period”). If Meru receives written notice from you of such defects during the Hardware Warranty Period, Meru will, at its option, either repair or replace Meru hardware that Meru determines to be defective. Replacement products may be remanufactured units, and will be warranted for the remainder of the original Hardware Warranty Period, or if greater, for thirty days from delivery of such replacement. Should Meru be unable to repair or replace the Meru hardware, Meru (or its Reseller, as applicable) will refund to you the purchase price of the Product.
- 90-Day Limited Software Warranty: Meru warrants to you that, for a 90-day period after the date of delivery of the applicable product to you from Meru or its Reseller (the “Software Warranty Period”), when properly installed and used, (a) the media on which the Meru software is provided will be free from defects in materials or workmanship; and (b) the Meru software will substantially conform to the functional specifications in the applicable documentation. If Meru receives written notice from you of a breach of this warranty during the Software Warranty Period and is able to reproduce the defect, Meru will, at its option, either repair or replace the defective Meru software. Should Meru be unable to repair or replace the Meru software, Meru (or its Reseller, as applicable) will refund to you the purchase price of the Product.

#### **Exclusions**

The warranty on the Product shall not apply to defects resulting from the following:

- Alteration or modification of the Product in any way, including without limitation configuration with software or components other than those supplied by Meru or integration with parts other than those supplied by Meru.
- Abuse, damage or otherwise being subjected to problems caused by negligence or misapplication (including without limitation improper or inadequate maintenance or calibration), relocation of the products (including without limitation damage caused by use of other than Meru shipping containers), or use of the products other than as specified in the applicable Meru product documentation (including without limitation incompatible operating environments and systems), or improper site preparation or maintenance.
- Damage as a result of accidents, extreme power surge, extreme electromagnetic field, acts of nature or other causes beyond the control of Meru.

- Use of the Product with software, interfacing, parts or supplies not supplied by Meru.

The warranty on the Product does not apply if the Product is sold, or in the case of software, licensed, for free for evaluation or demonstration purposes.

Meru expressly disclaims any warranty or obligation to support the Product for all operating environments – for example, as illustration and not limitation, Meru does not warrant or ensure interoperability of the Product with future telecommunication systems or other future software or hardware.

You understand and acknowledge that the Products may generate, use or radiate radio frequency energy and may interfere with radio communications and/or radio and television receptions if is not used and/or installed in accordance with the documentation for such products. WHILE MERU USES COMMERCIALY REASONABLE EFFORTS TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE OF THE PRODUCTS WITH APPLICABLE UNITED STATES FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION AND PROTECT AGAINST HARMFUL INTERFERENCES, YOU ACKNOWLEDGE AND AGREE THAT INTERFERENCES WITH RADIO COMMUNICATIONS AND/OR RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEPTIONS MAY OCCUR AND THAT MERU WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES OR INCONVENIENCE BASED ON SUCH INTERFERENCES.

**Third Party Products** - The above Limited Warranties are exclusive of products manufactured by third parties (“Third Party Products”). If such third party manufacturer provides a separate warranty with respect to the Third Party Product, Meru will include such warranty in the packaging of the Meru Product.

#### **Return procedures**

To obtain warranty service you must: (a) obtain a return materials authorization number (“RMA#”) from Meru by contacting [rmaadmin@merunetworks.com](mailto:rmaadmin@merunetworks.com), and (b) deliver the Product, in accordance with the instructions provided by Meru, along with proof of purchase in the form of a copy of the bill of sale including the Product’s serial number, contact information, RMA# and detailed description of the defect, in either its original package or packaging providing the Product with a degree of protection equivalent to that of the original packaging, to Meru at the address below. You agree to obtain adequate insurance to cover loss or damage to the Product during shipment.

If you obtain an RMA# and return the defective Product as described above, Meru will pay the cost of returning the Product to Meru. Otherwise, you agree to bear such cost, and prior to receipt by Meru, you assume risk of any loss or damage to the Product. Meru is responsible for the cost of return shipment to you if the Meru Product is defective.

Returned products which are found by Meru to be not defective, returned out-of-warranty or otherwise ineligible for warranty service will be repaired or replaced at Meru’s standard charges and shipped back to you at your expense.

At Meru’s sole option, Meru may perform repair service on the Product at your facility, and you agree to provide Meru with all reasonable access to such facility and the Product, as required by Meru. On-site repair service may be available and is governed by the specific terms of your purchase.

All replaced parts, whether under warranty or not, are the property of Meru.

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OF MERU OR ITS RESELLER FOR ALL CLAIMS WHATSOEVER RELATED TO THE PRODUCT OR THE SERVICE WILL NOT EXCEED THE PRICE YOU PAID FOR THE PRODUCT OR SERVICES GIVING RISE TO SUCH CLAIMS.

THE LIMITATIONS SET FORTH HEREIN ARE INTENDED TO LIMIT THE LIABILITY OF MERU AND ITS RESELLERS AND SHALL APPLY NOTWITHSTANDING ANY FAILURE OF ESSENTIAL PURPOSE OF ANY LIMITED REMEDY.

The jurisdiction applicable to you may not allow the limitations of liability or damages set forth above, in which case such limitation shall only apply to you to the extent permitted in such jurisdiction.

**Additional Information**

This Limited Product Warranty shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California, U.S.A., exclusive of its conflict of laws principles. The U.N. Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods shall not apply.

This Limited Product Warranty is the entire and exclusive agreement between you and Meru with respect to its subject matter, and any modification or waiver of any provision of this statement is not effective unless expressly set forth in writing by an authorized representative of Meru.

All inquiries or claims made under this Limited Product Warranty must be sent to Meru at the following address:

Meru Networks Inc.,  
894 Ross Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94087, USA  
Tel: 408-215-5300  
Fax: 408-215-5301  
Email: [support@merunetworks.com](mailto:support@merunetworks.com)





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